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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIV NO. 103 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1936 TWELVE PAGES

NAZI PLAN FOR MAY DAY 'COUP' FOILED

LEADERS LEAVE WARDHA

Strict Secrecy Maintained About Discussions In Congress Cabinet

WARDHAGANJ, April 29.

The Congress Working Committee meeting came to a close at noon to-day.

Mahatma Gandhi postponed his going to Shegaon village till to-morrow in order to be able to give advice if necessary.

The President and members of the Committee still maintain great secrecy about the discussions in the Working Committee.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Miss Maniben Patel started by the mail train for Bombay. Mr. Rajagopalachariar left for Madras. Babu Rajendra Prasad is leaving to-morrow. Mr. Shankerrao Deo and Dr. Khan Saheb have gone to Hinganghat for addressing a public meeting there. Mr. Jayaprakash and Mr. Achyut Patwardhan are addressing a public meeting here to-night.

UNITE IN FIGHT FOR SWARAJ.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and members of the Working Committee were presented with an address yesterday by the local Municipal Committee and the Congress Socialists. The function was attended by a large number of people.

Replying to the address, Pandit Jawaharlal referred to the differences in the opinion of the different groups and the hot discussions in the Congress session and the subsequent sign of life and healthy growth of various currents of thoughts. He said these required to be studied and their utility and adoptability were to be judged in the light of national and international situations. The Pandit exhorted the audience to fight for Swaraj for which all groups should stand together.

Other members of the Working Committee present could not speak for want of time.—A. P.

(SEE PAGE 12).

JAWAHAR LEAVES FOR ALLAHABAD

NAGPUR, April 29.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, accompanied by Acharya Narendra Deo, left for Allahabad from Wardha by the Nagpur-Itarsi Passenger at 8-35 to-night.

Pt. Nehru told the "Associated Press" representative who travelled in his compartment for some time that he would take as many chances to address Kisans as possible.

Messrs Patel, Rajagopalachari and Bhulabhai Desai left for Bombay. Others will leave for their respective places to-morrow.—A.P.

DISPERSED IN 'CHASTENED' MOOD

SIMLA, April 29.

The demolition of houses of the leaders of the 'Duar' tribesmen by Tochi Scouts and their failure to stir up Torikhel Waziris and Shabikhel Mahsuds to join their Lashkar, organised to overawe the Courts in Bannu where a Hindu girl kidnapping case is proceeding, appear to be responsible for the dispersal of the 'Duar Lashkar' three days ago.

This 'Lashkar' had been lying in the 'Duar' valley near Idak in North Waziristan, 15 miles away from Bannu under the leadership of the Faquir of Ipi. They have dispersed in a chastened mood after an interview with the Political Agent. While nothing was known about the progress of the case in Bannu, the situation is now reported to be normal.—United Press.

Jessore, April 29.—Practically the whole village of Halsa was gutted by a huge fire yesterday rendering 65 families homeless. The villagers who have lost their all, are being given clothing and food by the local authorities.—**United Press.**

Plot On Budapest Nipped In Bud

SENSATIONAL ARRESTS

Menacing Military Movements In Central Europe

(SPECIAL CABLE)

BUDAPEST, April 29.

An alleged plot of Nazis to seize control was nipped in the Poet Bofzormenyi and eighteen stage a march on Budapest and bud when the police arrested other Nazi leaders.

May Day Coup Plan

Bofzormenyi is alleged to have distributed large sums of money among peasants and also a number of Red Flags with Nazi emblems and planned a March on Budapest on 1st May with 5,000 horse guards and thousands of peasants in brown uniforms armed with clubs, scythes and knives.

To Put Army Out Of Action

The leaders are alleged to have intended to enter the barracks disguised as Generals and Colonels and order the soldiers to distribute their rifles and ammunition to the waiting peasants.

A search of Bofzormenyi's house revealed Generals' and Colonels' uniform complete with medals.

MENACING TROOP MOVEMENTS IN CENTRAL EUROPE

VIENNA, April 29.

Austria is preparing to move contingents of troops from Vienna and the eastern parts of Austria into Salzburg and Tyrol. Reticence is maintained in military circles, but it is officially stated that troop movements are due to training purposes.

The troops are being transferred from plains into mountainous regions and "vice versa."

On the contrary rumours are prevalent that Germany is making large scale military preparations along the Bavarian and Austrian frontiers.

PREPARATIONS TO RECEIVE TROOPS.

Preparations are being made to receive infantry from Vienna in the Frontier Districts of Aussfern and Rupstein. Mine trail loads of troops left Styria for the important railway junction of Bischofshofen and preparations are being made to receive several squadrons of Austrian Air Force at the Innsbrug Airport.—Reuter.

NAZI TROOPS ON AUSTRIAN FRONTIER

Wilhelmstrasse Official Denies Rumours

(Special Cable.)

BERLIN, April 29

The rumours of German military preparations along the Austrian frontier is described as unfounded by an official of the Wilhelmstrasse.—Reuter.

Strength Of Troops In Bavaria

(Special Cable.)

MUNICH, April 29

It is stated that the number of troops in Bavaria are now smaller than before the occupation of the Rhineland as a large portion of the Rhineland Garrisons came from Bavaria.—Reuter.

War Office Assurance

(Special Cable)

BERLIN, April 29

The War Office gives the assurance that nothing unusual is happening this year in Southern Bavaria, stated a Wilhelmstrasse official to Reuter. He said that the battalion of Sharp-shooters were holding a ten-days manoeuvres in the neighbourhood of Garmisch and 60 Army Sports leaders were attending the training courses in Bavarian Alps.

In true peace garrisons, Bavaria was now bigger than before the introduction of compulsory military service, but there was no unusual concentration there.—Reuter.

QUESTIONNAIRE TO GERMANY

Complete Anglo-French Belgian Agreement On Contents

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 29.

The coming questionnaire to Germany was considered by the Cabinet but a further meeting will be necessary to give it final approval. It is likely to be sent to Germany either on Friday or Saturday.

While it is now apparent that Britain has no disagreement with France and Belgium over the contents of the questionnaire, it is understood that Mr. Eden insisted on putting the questions in his own way. This is interpreted to mean that the questions will be conciliatory and constructive, but, nevertheless, will leave no doubt regarding the issues on which Britain needs clarification.

It is understood the questions generally follow those forecast on 24th April, but it is still uncertain whether the "colonial" question will be raised.

GERMAN MEMORANDUM

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 29.

Premier Baldwin told the House of Commons that Government hoped to get into touch with the German Government at an early date in order to elucidate certain points in the German memorandum.

NAZIS WITHDRAW BAN ON ECKNER'S NAME

(Special Cable)

BERLIN, April 29.

The Propaganda Ministry has withdrawn the order forbidding the mention of Dr. Eckner's name in the Press.

Tornado Havoc In Bengal

MYMENSINGH, April 29.

A severe tornado swept over several villages in Jamalpore subdivision in this district, uprooting trees and blowing off a large number of houses.

Three deaths are reported until now and several persons are said to have been injured seriously as a result of the fall of trees and houses.—United Press.

LORRY STRIKE IN PUNJAB

Protest Against Reduction In Number Of Passengers

(From Our Correspondent.)

AMRITSAR, April 29.

The threatened strike of lorry owners of the Punjab materialised yesterday when nearly 1,000 lorries of Amritsar plying between various stations were at a standstill doing no business, according to a message from Jullundur. Busowners in Gurdaspur, Kapurthala, Hoshiarpur and other important towns have decided in pursuant to a resolution passed recently to go on strike as a protest against the authorities reducing the number of passengers from 19 to 17 which each lorry at present is allowed to carry.

Public sympathy is however not with lorry owners in view of the fact that buses are usually crowded to their utmost capacity. In some cases, passengers are made to occupy every conceivable space including footboard and mudguards of rearwheels.

India XI In England
—See Page 7—

"KIDNAPPED" FROM THEATRE

"Gangsters" Demand 25 Sterling Ransom For Comedienne's Release

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 29.

The Secretary for Scotland is to be informed of the amazing adventure which befell Renee Houston, the famous comedienne at Edinburgh where Renee Houston was 'kidnapped" from the Empire Theatre by a gang of young men believed to be students.

Renee Houston was carried away in a motor car in a state of undress after the door-keeper was tied up. Meanwhile, two young men demanded 25 sterling as ransom for charity from the manager of the theatre.

The Edinburgh Students Union has disavowed the kidnapping.

The Rectorial authorities are inquiring into the affair.

WOMEN DETENUS ON HUNGER STRIKE?

Hijli Dtention Camp To Be Abolished

CALCUTTA, April 29.

The "United Press" understands that the women's detention camp situated at Hijli has just been disbanded and about forty women detenus have either been transferred to different district jails or home interned.

An unconfirmed report states that some of these women detenus are on hunger-strike as a protest against some of their grievances which are alleged to have gone unredressed despite several representations made on their behalf to the higher authorities.—United Press.

From Camp To Home Internment

CALCUTTA, April 29.

A number of the female inmates of the Hijli Detention Camp including Indumati Devi (sister of Anantasingh, a Chittagong Armoury Case prisoner), Kamala Dasgupta and Reny Sen, were discharged from the Camp and sent to their respective homes as "home internees."—A.P.

Graziani Cries Halt On Southern Front

SURPRISE FOR ITALIAN TROOPS

Advance Repulsed Repeatedly: Unforeseen Resistance

DIREDAWA, April 29.

The battle which lasted three days is still raging near Sasabaneh.

The Abyssinians stubbornly resisting, repeatedly repulsed the Italians who are bringing reinforcements from all sides.—Reuter.

GRAZIANI CRIES HALT TO OFFENSIVE

Italian Troops Meet With Vigorons Resistance

ROME: April 29.

Gen. Graziani has ordered a pause in the offensive on the Southern Front, owing to heavy rains and the exhaustion of troops after the heavy three-day battle.

Torrential rain has fallen in the whole of the field of operations, rendering the roads and the caravan trails almost impassable. Engineers are working day and night building the bridge at the confluence of the Fafan and Glarer. The bridge over Fafan of 102 feet length was built in two hours.

Italian troops are meeting resistance with unforeseen vigour and the attempt to capture Sasabaneh has not yet materialised.—Reuter.

ABYSSINIANS SURPRISE BLACKSHIRTS' CAMP

Night Attack Results In Severe Loss To Italians

GORAHAI: April 29.

The Blackshirts' Camp and Headquarters were seriously menaced and War Correspondents had an alarming taste of war last night, on a sudden and unexpected fierce Abyssinian counter-attack with 5,000 troops. The situation for a time was very serious.

The Abyssinians rained incendiary shells and set fire to the bush where the Italian motor transport petrol supplies were massed. A hail-storm of bullets descended on the lorry in which Mr. J.S. Barnes, Reuter's Special Correspondent, was writing a despatch. Two were killed and six wounded in the camp.

CALL TO DEFENCE.

Everybody was called on to defend himself. The situation was saved by a battalion of Somalis, who withstood successive waves of the enemy onslaught, and finally in a bayonet and hand-grenade charge drove back the Abyssinians across the Fafan River. 600 Abyssinian dead strewed the battlefield. Ten Italian officers are dead and 23 wounded.—Reuter.

FRENCH 'PLANE LANDS IN ITALY

But Airman Who Defied Authorities Is Missing

ROME, April 28.

The report that an aeroplane from France made a forced landing at Ciampino Aerodrome on Sunday apparently clears up the mystery of the whereabouts of Airman Drouillet, who surreptitiously left Paris after the French authorities had refused him permission to fly the machine to the Negus. It is now reported that the machine was confiscated at Ciampino, but Drouillet has disappeared.—Reuter.

IMPRACTICABLE AND UNSOUND

Stanhope Opposes Move For Commission On Abyssinian Issue

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 29

As long as the "Sanctions Front" is maintained, I still believe Italy will find that she is in a far worse position than if she had never resorted to war", declared Lord Stanhope replying in the House of Lords to the motion by Lord Davies urging, with a view to the settlement of the Italo-Abyssinian war, the appointment of a League Commission, on the lines of the Lytton Commission, to investigate the issues involved.

Lord Stanhope emphasised that the present sanctions were having increasing effect. He said, "if we succeeded in proving that war did not pay, we should have achieved something of which nobody need be ashamed and which might have a different effect in the future.

He added that the Government opposed the motion which they considered impracticable and unsound.

The motion was withdrawn.—Reuter.

NEW AIR PORT FOR LONDON

RUGBY, April 29.

The new London air port at Gatwick will be officially opened in June. It has hitherto been used by continental airliners as emergency landing ground and has since been developed and is now stated to be one of the best equipped air ports in Europe. Gatwick is the first London air port to have its own railway station and direct rail connection. In building the airport it became necessary to divert the small river, Mole, on its eastern boundary. Provision is made at the air port for 24 hours flying, including boundary lights, flood lighting and radio. The radio blind landing system is to be installed.—B.O.W.

"TWO DOORS STILL BARRED TO WOMEN"

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 28

Two doors are still barred to women.

The time has not yet arrived when women could be employed in Consular or Diplomatic service with advantage to the state, or profit to women, says a Government statement announcing the Government's decision to adopt the views of the majority of the Inter-Departmental committee established to advise on the matter.—Reuter.

Willingdon At Marseilles

(SPECIAL CABLE)

MARSEILLES, April 29.

S.S. "Strathmore" with Lord and Lady Willingdon on board arrived here to-day.

ABOLITION OF EAST HOPEI

Japan Agrees To Demand In Return For Rights Of Treaty

(Special Cable)

TIENTSIN, April 29.

In return for the rights in the Pact, Japanese militarists have agreed to abolish the East Hopei Autonomous Area, half the size of England, established in November under Japanese protection. The Chinese have repeatedly pressed for the abolition of East Hopei emphasizing the rampant smuggling therein which had been affecting their customs revenue.

RETIRED CALCUTTA MERCHANT DEAD

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 29.

Mr. James Wood Ferguson (57), described as a retired Calcutta merchant living at Alipore Lodge, East Grinstead, Sussex, was found dead in a garage filled with fumes. The doors of the garage were partly closed.

Mr. Ferguson was lying beside the car the engine of which was running. Mr. Ferguson was injured in the head in falling.

Police investigations is stated to have revealed that Mr. Ferguson was accidentally gassed when warming up the engine of his car.—Reuter.

GOVT.-CUM-BUSINESS ALLIANCE

How U. S. Solves Unemployment Problem

WASHINGTON, April 29.

Resources sufficient to put millions of Americans back into work are at hand, declared Mr. Harper Sibley, President of the United States' Chamber of Commerce, appealing for an alliance between Government and the business world, with a view to solving the unemployment problem. Mr. Sibley who was speaking at the Chamber's annual Convention, added, however, that the real issue was whether the American principle of economic freedom was to be maintained or circumscribed by Government controls.

His plea for more effective cooperation between business interests and Government was substantiated by Mr. Daniel Roper, Secretary of Commerce, who, in ten-point programme, advocated the absorption of more unemployed in the business programme which is regarded as having the approval of the White House. He suggested, "inter alia," a comprehensive study of the technological unemployment in each major industry and a more aggressive expansion of America's foreign trade.—Reuter's Special.

Total Of Unemployed In U. S.

WASHINGTON, April 29.

The unemployed in the United States in March totalled 9,649,000 compared with 9,850,000 in February and 10,039,000 in March, last year, says the Industrial Conference Board.—Reuter's Special.

AMRITSAR TAXI DRIVERS ON STRIKE

AMRITSAR, April 28.

To-day, as decided by the Punjab Motor Unions, all the taxi-drivers of Amritsar are observing complete Hartal, as a protest against the new Traffic Rules. No lorry from outside was also seen coming towards Amritsar.

A public meeting will also be held to-day at Anjaman-i-Park under the presidentship of Sh. Hassan Din, Municipal Councillor, Amritsar.—United Press.

TABULATED ADLETS
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SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted two experienced hands thoroughly conversant in Motor Oil Lubricants business. Apply Box No. 6047 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Junior Hindu Compounder. Apply personally to:—Dr. P. M. Petigera Doslani Building, Gowalia Tank Road. (6042).

Wanted Qualified accountant with previous experience if possible. Salary from Rs. 50-65 Box No. 6027, "Bombay Chronicle."

Required immediately an experienced and capable Manager, for a well-known and giant Cement Factory at Madagascar, also electrical and diesel engineers and chemists. Those experienced need apply stating age, experience and salaries expected. Those knowing French will be given preference. Apply Box No. 6043, "Bombay Chronicle".

There is a vacancy on the staff of Vanita Vishram Training College Bombay, for a Gujarati knowing graduate trained full-time teacher either man or woman. The appointment is subject to 3 months probation from June, 1936. For terms apply to the Principal. (6048).

Wanted—A Nurse for a private practitioner at Cutch-Mandvi. Gujerati knowing preferred. Apply with qualification testimonials stating age, past experience and minimum pay to Box No. 6046 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—An experienced Clerk with a knowledge of typewriting, account-keeping and general correspondence. Apply with Testimonials—The Secretary, Ladies' Club, 3, Lothian Road, Poona. (3085).

Wanted an M.B.B.S. for the post of 2nd Medical Officer, Dharampur State, starting pay Rs. 100 plus Rs. 10 p.m. as house-rent, private practice not allowed. Apply stating age, nationality, previous experience, with copies of testimonials to the Chief Medical Officer, Dharampur State, (Dist. Surat). (3079).

12. TO BE LET.

Tardeo: Meher Mansion, Wadia Street, First floor of independent bungalow to let: 3 rooms Rs. 50/-; also Single rooms in main building, Rs. 15/-. Apply on premises or 'Phone 20669. (6038).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Funds up to Rs. 5 lacs available on reasonable mortgage terms on immovable City Properties. Please apply with details Hindustan Housing Co., Ltd., 395, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. No brokers. (5983).

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

Jhabordi—a beautiful Villa facing sea, 4 big rooms, verandahs, marble tiled bathrooms, fully furnished, with outhouses, well, fruit and flower garden, electric installation, going cheap. Apply Box No. 6014, "Bombay Chronicle."

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Agents to secure orders for attractive calendars on easy terms no security required. National Calendar Mfg., Co 3|1 Maranoshi Ghose 2nd Lane, Calcutta. (6035)

Wanted—A highly respectable and influential Chief Agent for Bombay and West Coast. Commission liberal. Apply immediately:—The Federal India Assurance Co., Ltd., Delhi. (5994).

Agencies for "Nip" Petrol (Ready Delivery) Kerosene & Diesel Oils are granted for different parts of India. Apply International Oil Co., Ltd., Ravelin St., Fort, Bombay. (5883)

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—Sewing Machine, second-hand with treadle. Price Rs. 25. S. D. Sharma, Main Road, Dadar, Bombay. (6045).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Public Notices.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

From 1st May, 1936, the office of The Indian Casablancas High Draft Coy., Ltd., will be transferred to, MANECKJI WADIA BUILDING, 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
Telegrams:—INCASA.
3078.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT,

GOVERNMENT OF JODHPUR, JODHPUR.

Office of the
Director of Education.
NOTICE.

Wanted—A Mohammadan Graduate as Headmaster of a Middle School. Pay Rs. 70-4-110-8-150 plus Rs. 15 Headmaster Allowance. Starting pay according to qualifications and experience. First appointment will be on probation for one school session and Provident Fund benefits begin after confirmation according to the State-Rules.
Apply before 15th of May 1936 to The Director of Education, Government of Jodhpur.
Jodhpur.
Director of Education.
3074.

THE POONA ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for information of shareholders that the Board of Directors have resolved to issue additional Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100 each and to offer them at par to members of record as of 4th May, 1936, in the ratio of one such share to every three shares held by members in the existing issue.

The offer, together with application form and factional certificates where necessary, will be mailed to members in due course.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 4th May, 1936 to SATURDAY, the 9th May, 1936, both days inclusive.

For the Poona Electric Supply Co. Ltd.,
THE UNITED EASTERN AGENCIES, LTD.,
Managing Agents.
"Bombay House"
24 Bruce Street, Fort,
BOMBAY, 28th April, 1936.
3087.

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT

O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 300 of 1935.

BAI KASHIBAI DHONDIBA MANBHAV. .. Plaintiff
vs.
KHERAJ JEVAT and Another. .. Defendants
To,

BAI KASHIBAI, widow of Dhondiba Manbhav alias Borade, The Plaintiff abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Taxing Master has fixed MONDAY 11th May, 1936, at 11-20 a.m. (S.T.) to tax your Bill of Costs in the above suit between Attorney and Client.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1936.
SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
3083

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 1442 of 1932.

THE PROVIDENT INVESTMENT CO., LTD. ..... Plaintiffs.
versus.
MAHOMED ALIAS SAIT.
..... Defendant.

Pursuant to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 11th July, 1933, Consent Order, dated 30th August, 1934 and Judges Order, dated 22nd November, 1935, the following immovable property will be sold in one lot by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 7th May, 1936, at 3-15 P.M. (S.T.)

Property known as Benachi, situate in the Town of Kodanganad Ansem, admeasuring 550.37 acres together with all buildings and other erections thereon machinery, plants, tools and coffee, tea and other trees and plants.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. PAYNE & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 54 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 17th day of April, 1936.
(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.
3023.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of DEVJI JETHMAL, Insolvent (Insolvency No. 1528 of 1925) has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client with the consent of the equitable Mortgagees Raoji Monji and Mulabai, wife of Purshottam Gopaldas and daughter of Raoji Monji.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Valnai in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, the Bombay Suburban District, containing by admeasurement 67553 (sixty seven thousand five hundred and fifty-three) square yards or thereabouts together with the messuages, tenements and buildings built and standing thereon and all the trees therein and the wells thereon and bearing on the Talati's Collector's Records numbers as follows:—

Entry No.	Survey No.	Pot No	Area Acres	& Gunthas
9	3	1	6	39
32	8	1	7	14-3|4

and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the passage given to Jehangirji, on or towards the West by the passage and beyond that by the Tank, on or towards the North by the properties of Jujin Ghoshul Antono Anasto, Doming Giral Ritmary Lovis Zazin Braz and Beheramji Parsi and on or towards the South by the property of Jese Braz J. D. M. D'Souza, Ritmari Lovis and Jehangirji Mistry.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1936.
FERREIRA & VALLABHDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3088

Public Notices.

FOR SALE

An uptodate Dry-Cleaning Concern, having the most modern English Dry-Cleaning Plant—well-established in Bombay, holding a good clientele. Most lucrative business for a small investor. Apply Box No. 6030, "Bombay Chronicle".

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Pacific ,,	20th ,,	4 7th ,,
Shunko ,,	24th ,,	20th May
Mantai ,,	10th May	24th ,,
Kurohime ,,	20th ,,	6th June
Iwatesan ,,	25th ,,	8th ,,
Karachi ,,	28th ,,	13th ,,
Argun ,,	4th June	22rd ,,

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(Incorporated in Japan.)
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Telephone: 22084.
Telegrams: "SHOSEN"

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Assignee of Bombay intends to declare dividends in the following estates as mentioned below:—

Serial No.	Insolvency No.			Name of the Insolvent.	Dividend intended to be declared.
1	752	of 1932	Re:	Vithal Monaji Retiwalla	First and final.
2	363	of 1930	,,	Canjeeveram Parasthu Rajgopalan	Second.
3	559	of 1930	,,	Shamji Jetha and others traded as Messrs. Shamji Jethabhai & Co., a firm	Do.
4	589	of 1930	,,	Avil Cyril Rosario D'Souza	Do.
5	633	of 1930	,,	Arthur Benjamin D'Costa	Do.
6	653	of 1930	,,	Rangnath Vinayak Dighe	Do.
7	748	of 1930	,,	St. John Sharkey French	Do.
8	339	of 1930	,,	Albert Victor Scott	Do.
9	350	of 1930	,,	Kisonlal Ramchandra Mundra alias Kisonlal Mundra	Do.
10	372	of 1930	,,	Raymond Vincent D'Costa	Do.
11	384	of 1930	,,	Louis George	Do.
12	101	of 1931	,,	Michael Simon Roberts alias M. S. Roberts	Do.
13	227	of 1930	,,	Lindsay Ammanuel Monsurate	Second and final.
14	282	of 1930	,,	Ardeshir Jamshedji Pocha traded as Pocha & Co.	Do.
15	328	of 1930	,,	Moses Issac Moses	Do.
16	551	of 1930	,,	Lykara Parmeshwar Menon	Do.
17	554	of 1930	,,	Shridhar Shivram Gosavi	Do.
18	606	of 1930	,,	Francis Xavier Victor D'Souza	Do.
19	659	of 1930	,,	Gajanan Raghunath alias Gajanan Raghunath Kulkarni	Do.
20	878	of 1930	,,	Jafferbhoy Hirji Allarakhia	Do.
21	899	of 1930	,,	James Arthur Newman	Do.
22	123	of 1931	,,	Pranjiwandas Bechardas Sha	Do.
23	979	of 1929	,,	Edward Salvedor	Third.
24	180	of 1923	,,	Tikaraj Kabalyaraj (Personal)	Supplementary and final.
25	223	of 1931	,,	Uttamchand Hushiarmal Marwari traded as Joharmal Uttamchand at Bombay and Amritsar and as Joharmal Hushiarmal at Hoshiarpur	Do.
26	610	of 1934	,,	Gulam Hussein Hassam	Preferential distribution only.
27	935	of 1929	,,	Merwanji Manekji Mistri ((deceased)	Do.
28	769	of 1930	,,	Vithaldas Gigabhai Jhaveri	Do.

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the Office of the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the respective estates as stated above without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the above mentioned estates in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, if they have not done so already. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within 14 days from the date of this advertisement. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estates will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognized.

Bombay, this 21st day of April, 1936.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.
R. S. BILLIMORIA,
Official Assignee of Bombay.
(3044)

EUGENE O'NEILL'S GREAT AMERICAN DRAMA
AH Wilderness!
A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER Picture
• M-G-M outbid all other companies to acquire for the screen the play that was a sensation on Broadway, and that captured the heart of America on tour! Every heart-beat, every moment of drama, of tenderness, laughter and tears in Eugene O'Neill's great play are here now in a superb motion picture whose memory you'll cherish for all time!
Starring Wallace BEERY
Lionel BARRYMORE
ALINE MacMAHON
ERIC LINDEN
CECILIA PARKER
SPRING BYINGTON
A CLARENCE BROWN PRODUCTION
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Directed by CLARENCE BROWN

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THE WORLD OF WIRELESS

SOME B. B. C. ITEMS

Opera, Music And Talks On Cricket And Steamers

(Timings In Greenwich Time).

The Viennese call her their "beloved nightingale". Officially, Elisabeth Schumann is "prima donna" at the Vienna Opera House in all such parts as Mozart's Susanna or Strauss's Sophie in the "Rosenkavalier," and the whole world also claims her as a great Lieder singer. She has sung in all the leading opera houses of France, Italy, England, and the United States, as well as in South America, and is everywhere acclaimed as the greatest artist in her own sphere and in our time. She combines with her artistry a charm at once captivating and wonderful.

Friday, May 15, 4-30 a.m.
Saturday, May 8, 11 a.m.
Sunday, May 3, 5-15 p.m.
Wednesday, May 6, 2 a.m.

"RIGOLETTO."

Listeners to Transmission 4 will have an opportunity on May 7 of hearing another broadcast from Covent Garden Opera House—the third act of Verdi's "Rigoletto". In view of the fact that this opera had its first performance in 1857, its continued popularity throughout the world is indeed remarkable. "Rigoletto" also marks a turning point in the master's style. Whereas his previous works were written in the then traditional style of Italian opera, his music now becomes intensely dramatic and sharply characterised. The third act of "Rigoletto" illustrates this well. For here we see Rigoletto, the Duke of Mantua's court jester, as he implores the assembled courtiers to give him back his only child, his daughter Gilda, whom they had carried off to the Duke's palace. His pleading, which is musically rich and melodious, is of no avail, and when Gilda rushes on to the scene, he learns from her own lips of her betrayal by the Duke. In an intensely dramatic aria he swears to take revenge.

"TRANS-ATLANTIC FERRY".

Never in the history of ships and ship-building has the attention of the world been so focused on one vessel as it has been on the "Queen Mary." She is more than a triumph of ship-building; she is the consummation of a glorious list of achievements associated with the conquest of the Atlantic.

Cecil Madden has compiled a programme which sets forth in dramatic form some of the outstanding episodes of the efforts to bring America and Great Britain closer. The story begins with Ericson, who is reported to have crossed the Atlantic before Columbus. It includes the imperishable achievement of Columbus, and of the "Mayflower," bearing the Pilgrim Fathers.

These were the triumphs of "sail", before the age of steam navigation. It is difficult to say who invented steam navigation, but the credit for the first real achievement of the steam boat is generally given to Robert Fulton.

But the great name in trans-Atlantic travel is undoubtedly that of Samuel Cunard, who, in the year 1840, had a base at Liverpool with four mammoth wooden steamships with engines by Robert Napier—the "Brittania, Arcadia, Caledonia," and "Columbia," all of which were launched on the Clyde. That was the beginning of a regular Atlantic service.

Charles Dickens, by the way, was a passenger on the "Brittania," and wrote a characteristically lively account of his experiences on the voyage.

The programme then briefly reviews the outstanding ships that have made maritime history. George Blake, who was commentator at the launch of the "Queen Mary," will be the narrator. There will be appropriate music, sea shanties and effects.

Tuesday, May 12, 4-30 a.m.
Wednesday, May 6, 2 p.m.
Wednesday, May 6-7, 11-40 p.m.
Wednesday, May 20. 2-40 a.m.

GEORGE GUNN TO TALK OF CRICKET.

George Gunn, in an interview with Dennis Morris which will be broadcast in a forthcoming Empire programme, will recall some of the outstanding episodes of cricket in his time. No man has a better right than George Gunn to speak about cricket. He has not only a long and distinguished career himself, but he comes of a family which has made cricket history. His uncle, William Gunn, was one of the most stylish players who has ever lived, and other members of the family have distinguished themselves in various departments of the game. George Gunn himself was for thirty years in first-class cricket, and during that time he scored 35,190 runs, with an average per innings of 35.90. He has always been a consistent performer, and at all times the mainstay of his team.

Friday, May 8, 6-40 a.m.
Thursday, May 7, 11 a.m.
Tuesday, May 5, 7-15 p.m.

(Continued from Column 6.)

interlined with wire-netting, which will be heated by wireless from a neighbouring station. The account which we have read concludes with the naive remark: "the results of such an experiment will be interesting to watch." We can imagine that a policeman who was endeavouring to deal with a bad traffic jam what time an engineer at the station made an error in the frequency or power he was putting out, would be intensely interesting to watch.

April 1st

On April 1st as usual, the BBC staff was on its mettle, but waited in vain for a leg pull to be perpetrated in the broadcast programmes.

Some years ago the broadcasting engineers in Germany announced that they had solved the problem of disseminating smells by wireless. On the day of the first transmission, German listeners raised their noses before their loudspeakers in pleasurable anticipation. They smelt in vain. The day for the inaugural transmission had been fixed as April 1st.

RADIO TOPICS

Beware Of Broadcasting ... Lesson From History ... News Bulletins Need A Pinch Of Salt ... Radio And Publicity ... In India And Elsewhere

(By "X Y Z")

As the radio assumes greater importance in the public life of India and listening-in becomes more popular, it is proper to point out the dangers inherent in this mighty weapon of propaganda. A historic example of how the radio can be utilized by a Government to break popular opposition is proved by the history of the great General Strike of 1926 in Britain.

Govt. Had Radio

Workers all over the country had struck work in obedience to their Trade Unions. National industry, transport, trade and commerce came to a stand-still. In spite of heavy odds the workers held on for over a week. But they had made a tactical mistake. They had called upon press-workers too to strike with the result that no newspaper—not even the Labour and Socialist papers—came out. People had to depend for their news on the radio. And the radio was in the hands of the Government.

It was this factor, the radio, that defeated the strike in spite of the justice of the Labour cause. Appeals, threats, canards, condemnations of strike leaders, exaggerated reports about weakening or the collapse of the strike in different parts of the country were daily broadcast. The Government had the ear of the nation. The workers could not answer back, could not contradict canards, could not issue appeals and orders to their comrades. And thus was the solidarity of the British working class broken.

Moral: When listening-in, enjoy the music, laugh at the comic skits, ponder over words of wisdom poured into your ears by scholars and savants but when the news-bulletin comes, keep a salt-cellar handy.

Elsewhere

Every week all important newspapers throughout the world receive from the Publicity Department of the British Broadcasting Corporation a Bulletin containing exhaustive and interesting notes about their various programmes, brief life sketches of prominent people scheduled to give talks on the radio, technical information useful to listeners-in, amusing titbits about the B.B.C. activities and other such matters. One could fill whole pages with the matter that comes from this source every week.

Even the Moscow Radio centre is supplying to the press not only of Russia but of the whole world a similar service. Advance programmes, notes on important items and other interesting matter are sent to any paper which needs it.

And In India

What is our own "Indian State Broadcasting Service" doing? Granted that it is yet an infant organisation. But it could at least have made some sort of beginning. It has an ample staff at the Delhi station—thrice or four times that of the Bombay or Calcutta stations. There are all kinds of station Directors, Assistant Directors, Programme Directors, Editors, News Editors, etc. Couldn't they manage to issue a press-bulletin on a modest scale. What the public wants is information—about the programmes, artists, people who give talks, playwrights etc. The over-complacent style of the "On the Air" notes of "The Indian Listener" is no good.

Press Ignored

But the high gods of Indian broadcasting seem to have little love for the Press. They even frown on publication of their programmes. According to a report from Delhi a journal which was rather severe in its criticism of Delhi radio programmes has been forbidden from publishing the radio programmes If this is true, it is a reprehensible abuse of authority. We can't think of any harm the publication of radio programmes—even unauthorized—can do to the Indian State Broadcasting Service. If anything they would stimulate interest in broadcasting which we should have thought, would have been welcomed by all the radio authorities.

Moscow Calling

Special May Day Broadcast On Friday

The following are the timings of broadcasts in English from Radio Centre, Moscow, for May.

Wave lengths: 1724, 50, and 25.

Times: Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Friday 12 midnight Moscow time. (2-30 a.m. Indian time) on 1724 and 25 metres simultaneously. Sunday on 25 metres only at 2 p.m. M. T., 4-30 p.m. Indian time and 6 p.m. M.T., 8-30 p.m. Indian time. Wednesday on 25 metres only at 2 p.m. M.T., 4-30 p.m. Indian time.

1. Fri. Special Broadcast from the Red Square, Military Parade and Workers' Demonstration. Comments in English at intervals from about 9-45 a.m to 2 p.m. Moscow Time, 12-15 a.m. to 4-30 p.m.

Midnight: Concert of Revolutionary Music Worker delegates at the Microphone.

4. Mon. Some Ukrainian Folk Songs. More Worker Delegates at the Microphone. Talk: Some New Soviet Films.
6. Wed. Some Songs from Russian Operas. The History of the Press in Russia. Before the Revolution the legal and the illegal press. The Press in the Soviet Union.
8. Fri To-day's Anniversary: The Invention of Wireless by the Russian Scientist, A. C. Popov, in 1895—Soviet Wireless Development. Talk: The First German Soviet Republic (on the Volga).
11. Mon. To-day's Anniversary: The Organization of the Red Guard in Petrograd. A Broadcast Planned by a Woman Listener: Some Music—including the Volga Boatman Song—Some Schoolboys at the Microphone—Maggie Jordan gives some Recipes—News Bulletin—Weather Report.
13. Wed. Russian History as told in Russian Literature. Subject "All Power to the Soviets"—October 1917. The first decrees of the young Soviet Government.
15. Fri. Concert by Workers on the Moscow Underground. To-day's Anniversary: One Year's Work of the Moscow Underground. Workers at the Microphone—Builders of the Metro—Workers who are now running the first line—Workers of the second line.
18. Mon. Some songs of Soviet Airmen, Soviet Aviation.
20. Wed. Travel Talk: A Voyage on the Northern Sea Route. A Short Talk on Gardening in Moscow, by Margaret Smith.
22. Fri. A Broadcast for Youth: Summer Sports Season—A Visit to the Park of Culture and Rest—A Trip on the Moscow River—and some Music.
25. Mon. A Broadcast for Bakers—Mechanized Baking in the Soviet Union—Work in a Soviet Breadshop.
27. Wed. Some Revolutionary Songs. Russian History as told in Russian Literature. Subject: The Young Soviet Government Faces Imperialist Intervention.
29. Fri. A Broadcast Planned by a Listener: Here and there in the U.S.S.R.—A little Music—A Milestone in the Building of Socialism—A Worker at the Microphone (Listeners should write and say what industry they want to hear about)—Some more Music—Answers to Listeners' Questions—some Sport News—Weather Report.

Every broadcast includes News and sometimes Music.

The Editor reserves the right to alter the programme without previous notice.

After hearing the broadcast Listeners are asked to send their opinions to the Radio Centre, Moscow, at the end of the month.

B. B. C. Miscellany

Empire Programme Director Talks ... Sports Fans, Please Note ... Radio In New Zealand ... And In Palestine ... Wireless To Keep Police Men Warm ... A Soviet Device ... And A German Joke

J. C. S. Macgregor, BBC Empire Programme Director, aptly quoted Nick Bottom and his companions from "A Midsummer Night's Dream" in a recent broadcast personally addressed to Empire listeners. "Our true intent is all for your delight," he said.

The Empire Programme Director described many of the difficulties of the programme builder; a broadcast programme, he explained, is a "table d'hote" meal, not "a la carte", and it is more than any chef can hope for to satisfy all the diners with all the dishes set before them every day.

The news bulletins, he confirmed, were among the most popular features in the Empire programmes; the period for news and announcements would shortly be extended from fifteen to twenty minutes, in order to embrace such things as market notes and topical talks without encroachment on the news proper, he announced. Every effort is made, he said, to keep the news bulletins at a regular time each day, but more important programme commitments sometimes render slight changes in timing unavoidable in the interests of the majority of listeners.

FOR SPORTS FANS

Many Empire listeners have complained about the overwhelming crowd noises during outside broadcasts, particularly of football matches, which sometimes render the description of the commentator unintelligible. The normal practice of the BBC engineers during such broadcasts is to have two microphones, one in the commentator's box, and another outside to pick up local atmosphere. In the control van the output from these two microphones is suitably mixed, so that while the voice of the commentator is quite intelligible the enthusiasm of the onlookers can, to some extent, be communicated to listeners at the same time. Unfortunately for Empire listeners, atmospheric noises sometimes attendant on short-wave reception, combine with the crowd noises to such an extent as to render the commentary difficult to follow. Plans are now being made, however, on occasions of this nature, to have a separate land-line from the site of the broadcast to Broadcasting House, so that while Home listeners receive the same balance of crowd noise and commentary as before, Empire listeners will hear the voice of the commentator with the extraneous noises at a greatly reduced level. While this method will not always be possible, since between London and Edinburgh, for instance, there are not always three lines available for one broadcast—(1) to carry the "Home" signal, (2) to carry the "Empire" signal, (3) for control purposes—it will be adhered to whenever possible.

The Empire Programme Director will welcome comment from sports fans overseas on future broadcasts.

BROADCASTING IN NEW ZEALAND

New Zealand has made great strides in broadcasting, as borne out by recent licence returns. There are now 185,008 listeners registered in the Dominion, representing 11.8 per 100 of the total population. This percentage is slightly higher than that for the Commonwealth of Australia. The increase in licences since the broadcasting system was taken over from private enterprise by the official New Zealand Broadcasting Board is 113,652. Such figures tell a tale.

JERUSALEM CALLING

Greetings to the new Palestine Broadcasting Service on the occasion of the opening of the new broadcasting station at Jerusalem. The inaugural ceremony was performed by his Excellency the High Commissioner for Palestine and Transjordan, Lieut.-Gen. Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, G. C. M. G.

The new service will be under Government control and for engineering and administrative purposes will be a branch of the Department of Posts and Telegraphs of the Palestine Government. The new transmitter, supplied by Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company Ltd., is situated in a building one mile north of Ramallah, a small town ten miles northward of Jerusalem. This building provides room for a second transmitter to operate an alternative service. The transmitter has an unmodulated aerial input of 20 KW and operates on a wave-length of 449.1 metres, the same wave-length as the North Regional transmitter of the BBC. Steps have been taken to ensure the absence of mutual interference. The three permanent studios have not yet been completed and in the meantime two temporary studios have been provided in the former Palace Hotel in Jerusalem.

Preparation of broadcast programmes in Palestine presents a number of special difficulties. There are three official languages—English, Arabic and Hebrew. There are also devotees of both European and Oriental music. At the start it is proposed to broadcast a programme for five hours daily.

A new service has had the assistance of Mr. R. A. Rendall, who was seconded by the BBC as adviser on broadcast programme organisation, and of Mr. G. C. Kenworthy, formerly Programme Manager of the Nairobi broadcasting station.

Village Broadcasting

During the early months of the service a special State-aided scheme for village listening will be organised. The Palestine Government has bought 100 community receivers which will be installed in villages that would not otherwise be able to enjoy the advantage of the broadcasting service. A special programme for rural listeners will be given in the early evening, and will contain, together with musical performances, occasional talks designed to supplement agricultural and health services. The rural programme will also include a special reading of the news in Arabic at a time earlier in the evening than the ordinary news bulletin, which will, of course, be read in the three official languages.

Five Hundred Women's Views

The Concert Hall at Broadcasting House has been used for a diversity of functions, but it staged a novel conference on April 24, when five hundred women met to give the BBC Controller of Public Relations their views on the morning talks. The members of the conference come from all parts of Britain, as well as from overseas; more than fifty women's organisations of all kinds send delegates, and in addition there were many women well known in public life, including the editors of the leading women's magazines. It was interesting to hear the views of so representative a conference on talks intended primarily for the housewife and many constructive suggestions were made.

Radio-Heated Policemen

Electrical heating of airmen's clothing has been successfully practised for some time. A correspondent of "World Radio"—the official foreign and technical journal of the BBC—now describes a proposal to render the lives of Moscow "traffic corps" more bearable, in a somewhat similar manner, during the appalling cold in which they have to perform their duties. It is suggested that they shall be provided with greatcoats

(Continued in Col. 3 and 4.)

CRIMINALS To Be Caught BY RADIO

London Police Cars Equipped With Wireless

Police in the British counties surrounding London are to be equipped with wireless police cars, to co-operate with Scotland Yard in closing roads out of London against escaping criminals.

Essex has already agreed to equip police cars. Ten new cars are to be used, four of which will come into use next month, as soon as four constables have completed their wireless training.

The county will work in closest co-operation with the Metropolitan Police, who have agreed to supply and maintain the wireless sets.

NEW STATION.

"When the new Scotland Yard transmitting station is completed," an official of the Home Office said to a press representative "steps will be taken to bring the other counties into the scheme."

The regional schemes, which will eventually cover the whole country by direct transmission over a radius of 30 miles in each system and by relay from one region to another, are now being developed.

North of England and Midland schemes are being perfected.

Nottingham is the Midland centre and neighbouring towns are arranging equipment.

EIGHT REGIONS.

The Home Office is planning to establish eight such regional stations to cover the whole country.

They would be located at London, Manchester, Nottingham, Wakefield, Bristol, Liverpool and Newcastle.

A similar system is being worked out in Scotland, where plans are well advanced for stations at Glasgow and Edinburgh to cover the South and Central areas. The Northern centre will probably be at Aberdeen.

It is a Matter of Pleasure to

ANNOUNCE

to all those interested in THE WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE COY., LTD., that from the 1st of May, 1936, the Bombay Branch Office of the Coy., is being shifted to MHERWAN BUILDING, 4, Sir Phirojashaha Metha Road, Fort.

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V. V. JOSHEE, Branch Manager.

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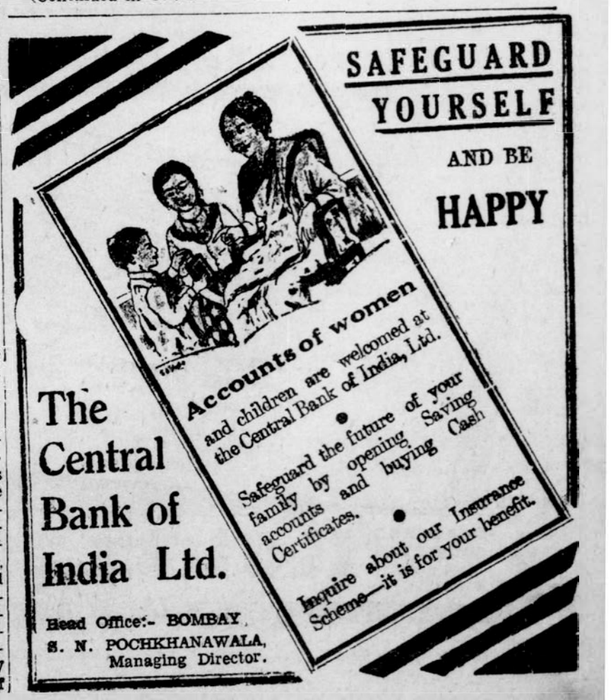
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TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The Levant Fair, 1936. A message by the Secretary of State for the Colonies the Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, M. P. on the occasion of the opening of the Fair at Tel-Aviv.

7-35 p.m. "Books to Read". Some suggestions for the listeners bookshelf by Eric Gillett.

7-50 p.m. The Band of His Majesty's Royal Marines Plymouth Division conducted by Captain F. J. Ricketts, Director of Music Royal Marines.

8-30 p.m. "Hats"! or "From Chapeau to Cady." A happy notch potch of headgear. The cast will include: Ursula Balfour, Billy Davidson Allan Mackinnon and at the painofortes, Douglas Steen and Campbell MacPhee. The programme introduced by Robin Russell.

9-15 p.m. The Harp Trio: Tina Bonifacio (Harp); Harry Dyson (Flute), Gethyn Wykeham-George (Violoncello).

9-25 News and Announcement.

9-45 p.m. Vincent Norman and his Band.

Help Kidneys

If Kidney Trouble or Bladder Weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching or Acidity try the new discovery Cystex (Siss-tex). Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists, or Muller Maclean, Bombay.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

12-0 noon. Selection of Indian Music.

1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. **European Lunch Hour Selections.**

5-30 p.m. Relay of Music from Capitol Cinema. (By kind permission of the Management.)

6-30 p.m. Light Music. Dinkarrao Amembal.

7-0 p.m. Commercial News.

7-15 p.m. Health Chat (In Marathi). Dr. Mrs. Saibai Ranade, L.M. (Dublin.)

7-30 p.m. Dinkarrao Amembal, in light Songs.

7-50 p.m. News in Hindi.

8-0 p.m. Gruha Laxmi. (The Home Power). A Social Musical Comedy. Directed by S. N. Chapekar B.A.

9-30 p.m. News in English.

9-45 p.m. Around the Town. Airman's Diary.

10-0 p.m. A concert Music. By Herr Kline and His Vienesse Orchestra. (By kind permission of Management, Watson.)

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s.
49.10 metres, 6.109 kc/s.

12-38 p.m. S.B. "Love Needs a Waltz". A Radio Operetta. Books and Lyric by James Dyrenfortil. Music by K. Leslie Smith. (A. B. B. C. Recorded Peogramme). Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (if any.)

1-36 pm Selections from Gramophone Records.

2-06 p.m. Talk by Bishnu Sarma —"From the Mahabharatam."

2-36 p.m.

2-51 p.m. Readings from Bengali Poetry by Bishnu Sarma.

4-50 p.m. S.B. Semi-Final of the Beighton Hockey Tournament. Relayed from the C. F. C. Ground. Commentator:—Bertie Meyer.

6-06 p.m. A Musical Programme under the direction of Sj. Amiya Prokash Mukherjee.

7-51 p.m. S.B. News Bulletin in English.

8-06 p.m S.B. Vocal Music (Bengali). Kumari Basanti Das Gupta.

8-16 p.m. Sreematy Kamala Roy.

8-13 p.m. Sreematy Sati Devi.

8-51 p.m. S.B. Weather Forecast General News Bulletin, Markte Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali).

9-06 p.m. S.B. A Light Studio Concert.

10-06 p.m. Weather Reports. 2nd News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In English.)

10-21 p.m. S.B. Dance Music by Ted Frangopoulo and his Blue Harmony Boys.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.136 metres, 882 kc/s.

1-0 p.m. Time Signal. I. B. S. Orchestra. Mian ki Malhar.

1-10 p.m. Asad Ali Khan of Agra. Thumri Jaunpuri.

1-30 p.m. Mrs. Bery. "Larkian Kya Parhen?"

1-45 p.m. Lachhi Ram. Punjabi Geet.

2-0 p.m. Ghulam Sabir. Sarangi —Durga.

2-15 p.m. Asad Ali Khan of Agra. "Kaheko dil ai ishq tere gham se bachega. Abham na bachaenge na yeh ham se bachega." (Hasrat). "Sitaron se age jahan aur bhi hain. Abhi ishq ke imtihan aur bhi hain." (Iqbal.)

5-30 p.m. I B S. Orchestra Pilo.

5-40 p. m. Lachhi Ram. Khyal Kafi.

5-50 p.m. Bhai Lal. Khyal Multani.

6-0 p.m. Asad Ali Khan. Khyal Mian ki Todi.

6-10 p.m. Haidar Husain Chughtai. Sitar—Puria.

6-20 p.m. Zohra Jan. Thumri Pilo.

6-30 p.m. Lachhi Ram. Simla Hills Songs.

6-50 p. m. Ghulam Sabir Sarangi—Marva.

7-0 p.m. Bhai Lal. Sindhi Geet.

7-20 p.m. Choudhri Mange Ram. "Sun Tu Sahi."

7-30 p.m. Zohra Jan. Na't, Bhajan, Ghazal and Dadra.

8-0 p.m. S. U. Moulvi Rahman. "Pachas Baras Pahle Ki Dilli."

8-15 p.m. I. B. S. Orchestra. Pao Phatta. (With Chorus and Sound Effects.)

8-30 p.m. Lachhi Ram. Bhajans.

8-45 p.m. Bhai Lal. Na'ts.

9-0 p.m. Zohra Jan. Ghazals.

9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani.

9-30 p.m. News in English.

9-45 p.m. From Baghdad to the Caspian Major-General Mr. Saunders, C.B., D.S.O. A.D.C.

10-0 p.m. A Studio Concert.

English Amateur Golf Championship

LONDON, April 28

At Deal in the English Amateur Golf Championship first round, Bourn, the former holder was surprisingly defeated by J. H. Hawkins, Maidenhead Chaffeur at the nineteenth.

Two ex-British champions had hard struggles. Martin Smith beat H. B. Bennett, Buxton, Artisan, one up. Wethered beat W. R. Kennion of Liphook, one up. D. S. Dijer of Sleaford, holed the teeshot at the fourth which has previously been accomplished only once in the championship.—Reuter.

Okha Port News

BOMBAY, April 28.

The Port Officer, Okha, wires under date April 28:

The s.s. Libenfells of Hansa line arrived on the 24th instant, discharged 287 tons of general cargo from Hamburg, Bremen and Antwerp and left on the 25th instant. —A. P.

"PAY UP" ANNEXES 2,000 GUINEAS

Mahmoud And Thankerton Comes Second And Third

(Special Cable)
LONDON, April 29.

Two Thousand Guineas run at New Market over a distance of one mile resulted as follows:—

PAY UP 1
MAHMOUD 2
THANKERTON 3

Trainer of "Pay Up" was Lawson.

Betting: —11|2 Pay Up; 100|8 Mahmoud; 40|1 Thankerton.

Nineteen ran. Won by short head. Three lengths separated the second and the third horses.

Nevett rode Don Valley and T. Burns rode Thankerton.

Add Angelbread, Clifford Richards. Omit Solando.

THE RACE.

Among those who caught the eye soon after the start were Pay Up, Squadron Castle, Angel Bread, Couvert, Abjer, Balahissar, Fairey, Wyndham and Monument. About half-way Pay Up had a slight lead from Fairey, Mahmoud, Monument, Rhodes-Scholar and Thankerton. Going into the ditch, Pay Up and Mahmoud drew out and after a desperate race in the dip, Pay Up won. Rhodes Scolar was close up fourth. Monument was fifth. Donvalley last.

Time: One minute 35-3|5 seconds.

FOR SOLIDARITY OF TOILING MASSES

Kisan Committee Secretary's Appeal To Observe "May Day"

Mr. Mohanlal Gautam, Secretary, All-India Kisan Committee, has addressed the following circular to all the members of the Kisan Committees.

"The May Day is approaching—the day of international solidarity of the toiling masses, the workers, the peasants and the other exploited sections of society. As decided upon by the All-India Peasants Conference at Lucknow, we must celebrate this day by holding mass meetings of peasants in which we must explain and popularise the resolution passed in the All-India Peasants' Conference and must resolve to extend and intensify our work of raising a solid mass organisation of the peasantry in India.

"May Day is the day of evaluating our position in the past and resolving to go ahead in future with the greater determination to overcome our difficulties. Let this the first May Day celebration on behalf of the peasants of India be a mass rallying of the forces of the peasants in collaboration with other exploited sections of the population."

Mr. Bhatt's Impressions Of Lucknow Congress

(From Our Corrrespondent).
VILE PARLE, Wednesday.

At a meeting held under the auspices of the local Congress Committee in the Gokalibai High School premises, Sjt. Kokulbhai Bhatt narrated his impression of the Congress session held at Lucknow.

The real Congress activity may be considered to have started, said Mr. Bhatt, from the exhibition which was opened by Mahatma Gandhi on 28th March. The exhibition may be said to be the first of its kind as it differed in material respects from all previous ones in that the exhibition was restricted to the village industries, handicrafts, small and fine arts and khadi, etc.

Referring to the Congress resolutions Mr. Bhatt said, the three main resolutions of the Congress are an index of the efforts of our leaders to do their best to find a way out.

Concluding Mr. Bhatt exhorted the audience to become members of the Congress in large numbers.

Election Committee Dissolved

ALIBAG, April 29.

The Congress Local Boards Election Committee which was formed on the eve of elections to the Kolaba District Local Board and which was to have governed the conduct and policy of the Congress members of the Board has been dissolved owing to quarrels among the elected members.

News is to hand that one of the elected Congressmen, Mr. Mehendale, has been unseated as a result of an election suit and Mr. G. C. Bhate, a Liberal Nationalist, an ex-M.L.C., and vice-president of the present Kolaba District Board has been declared elected in his place.—Maharashtra News Service.

GOVT. TO SET UP RURAL BOARD?

Viceroy's Broadcast Stirs Up Various Departments

(From Our Correspondent)
SIMLA, April 29

Now that various departments of the Government of India have settled down to work, it is expected that their very first task would be to devote attention to number of subjects raised by the Viceroy's broadcast address.

For instance the Sapru Report on Unemployment which had already come under the notice of the Government is receiving serious attention in the light of the interest shown by the Viceroy in the subject.

RURAL BOARD

Again materials have been prepared for testing the desirability of setting up an All India Rural Development Board which had been originally recommended by the Linlithgow Report and for whose inauguration time may be considered opportune in the light of solvent finances of the Government and the deliberate policy of rural development which has been pursued by the Government of India through the grants to provinces for purpose. The Viceroy may be expected to take this matter up at an early date and add to such programmes of development as are outside the pale of political controversy and can bring all the elements in the country on a common platform for helping the country's uplift

There is also the possibility of a stock-taking review being undertaken of the Imperial Council of Agricultural Research which owed its birth to the report of Agricultural Commission. The idea of such a review may be to see whether the activities of the Council require, any readjustment In any case the cheerful note about Sir Otto Niemeyer's Report on India's finances has helped the various Departments to think in terms of progress, and if this view of the Niemeyer Report is confirmed, it may be expected that the activities of a beneficient character would receive definite stimulus.

WORCESTER XI TO MEET INDIANS

(Special Cable.)
LONDON, April 29

The following players will represent Worcestershire against Indians in the match to be played on May 2:—

Lyttelton.
Quaife.
Human.
Gibbons.
Perks.
Bull.
Howarth.
Jackson.
Buller.
Warne.
Martin.—Reuter.

PARLIAMENT OF RELIGIONS IN BOMBAY

In connection with the Ramakrishna Centenary celebrations, leading citizens of Bombay are convening a Parliament of Religions from the 7th to the 9th May. Mr. M. R. Jayakar is the Chairman of the Reception Committee and the following gentlemen are the members: Sir Manubhai Mehta, Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Sir Chunilal Mehta, Sir Hormusji Adenwalla, Sir Jehangir Coyajee, Justice Divatia, K. Natarajan, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Jehangir Cama, S.A. Brelvi, F.J. Ginwalla, Sir Sarvapathi Radhakrishna will preside.

The session of the Parliament will be held on the 7th and 8th May at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 6-15 p.m. and on the 9th May at the University Convocation Hall at 5-30 p.m. Eminent speakers will address the Parliament on different religions of the world. The Parliament of Religions bids fair to be a unique event of the year in the city of Bombay and the reception committee hope that men and women of all creeds and communities will muster strong.

Great Jubilee Handicap Acceptors

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, April 29.

The following are the Great Jubilee Handicap final acceptors:—His Reverence, Sea Bequest, Fairbairn, Robingoodfellow, Guest of Honour, Ankaret, The Blue Boy, British Quota, Spinifex, Pegasus, Inflation, Good Deal, Negundo, Milldoria, Norman Herald, Rosecrag, Rippontor, Screamer, Pennyhill and Silver Point.

HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

FOR THE "HARD LINES" TROPHY

1. Sunday 3rd May: Bombay Portuguese "B" vs. Lusitanians "B", 4-30 p.m.

FINALS.

2. Sunday 3rd May: Bombay Portuguese "A" vs. Parel Sporting "A", 5-40 p.m.

BETTER BREEZE at HALF the COST

The India Fan
Over 30,000 India Fans already in use in different parts of India which is sufficient proof of high quality of our fans.
On I. S. D. Annual Running Contract Since last 8 years.

EFFICIENT and ECONOMICAL

An Entirely INDIAN PRODUCT

Available at All Dealers

Manufacturers:—
INDIA ELECTRIC WORKS, Ltd., CALCUTTA.

SOLE SELLING AGENTS:—
KAYCEE & CO. LTD.
LAHORE-BOMBAY-CALCUTTA-MADRAS.
BOMBAY OFFICE: AJAM BLDG. BALLARD ESTATE

Bombay Distributors:
London Eastern American Trading Co.
Trinity Electric Syndicate.
Eastern Electric Light & Power Co.
Kumar Electric Equipment Co
Sharma Trading Company.
Crescent Electric Trading Coy.

Alembic ALCALZIUM A CALCIUM FOOD
TABLETS
MOST USEFUL for BABIES and expectant & nursing MOTHERS

Calcium is an essential element in the composition and growth of strong sturdy bones that is why Baby needs Alembic Alcalzium, a preparation containing Calcium in its richest and most vitalizing form. During pregnancy calcium is required from the beginning both for the Mother and the growing child.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Indian Provident Funds Society
South Napier Road, KARACHI.
Tele. INDPROFUND. Est. 1930. P. B. No. 193.
Remarkable Progress

Membership	2,10,000
Reserve Fund	10,00,000
Deposit with Government	2,00,000
Claims paid in Marriage Fund & Family Relief Fund 1934-35	14,93,333

For further particulars apply to:—
DURGDAS B. ADVANI Managing Director.

PROGRESS
PROVES
POPULARITY
SHARE THE BENEFITS OFFERED BY THE COMPANY'S PROGRESS AND POPULARITY AND INSURE WITH BOMBAY LIFE TO-DAY.
100 % INDIAN
ESTD. 1908

BUSINESS RECEIVED IN 1935 Rs. 1,50,49,000

PROOF OF POPULARITY & PROGRESS
New Business in 1927: Rs. 38,77,000
New Business in 1929: Rs. 51,22,500
New Business in 1931: Rs. 58,66,500
New Business in 1933: Rs. 94,16,500
New Business in 1934: Rs. 104,33,750
1935 : Rs. 1,23,28,000
ABSOLUTE SECURITY & UNQUESTIONABLE STABILITY
THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

BUSINESS COMPLETED IN 1935 Rs. 1,23,28,000

HAPPY FAMILIES ARE HEALTHY FAMILIES

In some households the members are always happy. Sickness never lays its dread hand on them: even minor ailments never come their way. The explanation is that they are always healthy.

But we cannot always keep healthy unless we maintain our strength. The easiest way to keep up our vigour is to drink a nightly cup of Bovril. For doctors have proved that the body-building power of Bovril is from 10 to 20 times the amount taken.

LAST THING AT NIGHT — DRINK
BOVRIL

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Vaishakh Sud 9, 1992
Muslim: Safar 8, 1354
Parsi: Avan 27, 1305
Sunrise: 6h. 12m.
Sunset: 7h. 0m.
Hightide: 7-37; 20-1
Lowtide: 1-50; 13-27
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Friday, May 1.

Result of Intermediate Examination in Science, University Buildings, 3 p.m.
Municipal Schools Committee 5-40 p.m.

Saturday, May 2.

B. S. 'Naldera' with English mails of sails at 1 p.m.
B. S. 'Ranpura' with English mails of April 16, due at 2 p.m.

Monday, May 4

Bombay Scottish Orphanage Society 90th Ordinary General Meeting Vestry of St. Andrews' Church Rampart Row 6 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Count of Monte Christo" to-day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Ah Wilderness!" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Les Miserables." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Last Journey." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Little Colonel". Time as usual.
GLOBE—"Jane-Alam". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Anarkali" Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Madam Fashion." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Dharmatma." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Rajput Ramani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
LAXMI—"Bhakta Ambarish." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Gulam Daku". Time as usual.
MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PATHE—"In Person." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Invisible Ray." Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Mutiny on the Bounty". Time as usual.
REGAL—"The Amateur Gentleman." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"The Dragon Murder Case." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"My Beloved." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH.

"TURKHUD—Ghanisham only brother of Mr. B. S. Turkhud, Dr. Miss Khantabai and Muktabai Turkhud heart failure on Monday the 27th aged 52 years; leaving behind his aged mother Umabai and two daughters Suniti and Vasanti and a Son Pratap and a large number of other relatives."

PALWADA AUDICHYA YUVAK CONFERENCE

(From A Correspondent.)

The 6th sessions of the Palwada Audichya Yuvak Conference will be held on the 17th and 18th May 1936, at Valod, District Bardoli. Sjt. G. N. Desai, has been elected Chairman of the Reception Committee. The Reception Committee requests the Palwada people stationed at various places to attend in large numbers and make the sessions successful.

GHEE FAKER FINED RS. 15.

Mr. Nanji Purshottam, Owner and Vendor of the grocer's shop at No. 39, 2nd Koliwada, Mazgaon, was convicted and fined Rs. 15 on 20-4-36 for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 39.5 per cent by the Hon. Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

POSTAL NOTICES

Parcels for Germany direct per M. S. 'Ehrenfels' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6 p.m. on Friday the 1st proximo.

Mails for Mauritius and Reunion per Extra S. S. "Mariux Van St. Aldegonde" Via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 6-30 p.m. on Saturday the 2nd May 1936.

Mails for Colombo, the Straits Settlements, Hongkong Shanghai and Japan per S. S. "Ranpura" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. on Saturday the 2nd May 1936.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per S.S. "Pres. Hayes" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 p.m. on Friday the 1st proximo.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

Clan Line Steamer Clan Macvicar left Liverpool on the 27th evening.

"Dollar Steamship Lines S.S. President. Hayes V-43 will arrive here on the 30th instant at 1-30 p.m. and will land passengers at No. 5 Alexandra Dock. She will again sail on Friday the 1st inst. at 5-30 p.m. with passengers and cargo for Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa Marseilles, New York and Boston."

ZOROASTER'S DISA CELEBRATION

Under the joint anepices of the Rahnumai Mazdayasnan Sabha and the Gatha Society the celebration of the Holy Prophet Zarathushtra's demise day (Disa) will be held to-day (Thursday), at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute (Sukhadvala Building, Ravelin Street, Fort) At 5 p.m. (S.T.) the Jasthan Ceremony will be performed and at 6 p.m. Mr. B. T. Anklesaria, Ervad R. D. Meherjirana, Ervad M. K. Panthaki and Ervad F. A. Bode, will deliver sermons on "The Greatness of Spitama Zarathushtra, the Holy Prophet of Iran."

T. U. CONGRESS R. C.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Reception Committee will be held in the Committee's office (Indira Building Poibardi, Parel) today Thursday at 6 p.m.

"G" WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The adjourned meeting of the Council of management will be held on Friday the 1st proximo at 8-30 p.m. in the Congress Office.

FRONTIER MUFTI RETURNS

Maulana Abdul Rahim Popalzai, Mufti-e-Sarhad, returned by S.S. "Islami" from Mecca where he had gone last year.

THE EXCELSIOR
DAILY AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.
A MAGNIFICENT RAILWAY DRAMA WITH A THRILL A MINUTE
"THE LAST JOURNEY"
with
GODFREY TEARLE
And an all-star cast
in
A PICTURE WITH A HUNDRED THRILLS
DRAMA—EXCITEMENT —COMEDY—TRAGEDY
A Twickenham Production

THE CAPITOL
To-day at 6-30 & 10 p.m.
DAILY CHANGE OF FILMS!
To-day
COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO
with ROBERT DONAT
To-morrow
DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE
with FREDRIC MARCH
EXTRA
During The Whole Week!
Complete Talkie Film Record of the Arrival & Departure of
Lord Linlithgow And Lord Willingdon
See Bombay's WHO'S WHO on the screen!

Regal
Daily at 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Douglas FAIRBANKS Jr.
Elissa LANDI in
THE AMATEUR GENTLEMAN
with GORDON HARKER
Also latest ALL-COLOUR "MICKEY MOUSE"

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Hssein Jaffer and two others were arrested by the Byculla Police, last night following a raid in an alleged gambling den in a room at Hasnabad, Mount Road.

The accused were put up before Mr. I. S Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon and ordered to be released on bail in sums varying from Rs. 50 to Rs. 200.

Ben N. Nasse alias Neecey, proprietor of the Burma Timber Supply Company at Ballard Estate, Bombay was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. as he is wanted by the Hyderabad State police for an alleged offence under section 253 of the Hyderabad Penal Code.

It is alleged that the superintendent of the Vicoria Memorial Orphanage and Technical Institute at Hyderabad (Dn) ordered timber for Rs 500 in December last. The suspect is stated to have demanded advance of Rs. 250. This was paid but he, it is alleged failed to execute the order.

He was remanded in jail custody till May 13 at the Esplanade Police Court to-day.

Eleven persons were arrested at about 10 p.m. on the 16th Inst. (and thereafter released on bail), in a common gaming house at Ridge Road, where they were alleged to be laying and receiving bets.

They were produced to-day before the Girgaum Court.

All the accused were released on bail upto May 8 next to enable the Police to make further enquiries.

The enterprise of two brothers to set up an alleged unlicensed liquor shop at Kalachowki and manufacture country liquor on a large scale was foiled by the Excise police yesterday.

The Excise police alleged in Court that the brothers had set up a shop for the sale of liquor and had begun selling it.

They were enlarged on a bail of Rs. 300 till May 9 at the Esplanade Police Court to-day.

Radhakrishna Jugalkishore who was charged before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, today, with having driven his motor car in a rash and negligent manner along Dadisett Agiary Road and knocked down one Manishanker Kalidas, was ordered to be acquitted.

Ranchodd Bhika, who was arrested in connection with the second burglary at the Nizam's Palace in Bombay on the Nepean Sea Road, was produced before Mr I. N. Mehta at the Girgaum Court this morning on charges of housebreaking and theft and attempted murder of a watchman. The burglary was conducted on the morning of Monday last.

It was alleged, as the accused and another (not yet arrested) entered the precincts of the Nizam's Palace through the servants' quarters. They were surprised by the watchman on duty. It was further alleged, in the "melee" that ensued, the watchman was stabbed.

The watchman has since died in the hospital.

The accused was remanded into police custody till May 8 next. The accused had no objection to be kept in police custody.

B. B. & C. I. Staff Social Gathering

The first social gathering of the staff of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Chief Engineer's Office took place in the afternoon of Sunday, the 26th instant in the premises of King George's High School at Dadar. It was attended by a large number of members of the staff with their families. There was an interesting programme which among other things, included Vocal and Instrumental Music, Children's sports, acrobatic feats, muscle control, etc., by Messrs. T. V. Narayanan and party of Matunga Athletic Club, and bending of iron bars and breaking of chains, smashing and jumping over glass pieces and eating of glass by Professor Aranju. The gathering dispersed after partaking of light refreshments.

GURKHA WATCHMAN SUCCUMBS

Following stab-wounds in the course of a gallant battle with robbers, Purshotam Surmani, the Gurkha watchman of the Nizam's Palace at Napean Sea Road, died this morning in the J. J. Hospital, following an operation.

The City Coroner opened the inquest to-day on his body.

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM

A prize distribution gathering will be held on Saturday May 2, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the compound of the Anjuma-i-Islam 92 Hornby Road when Sir Ali Muhammed Khan Dehlavi will preside and distribute the prizes.

FAIR-WEATHER STABILITY OF INDIAN CURRENCY

It Is Impossible To Dispense With Gold Entirely, Says Joshi

Speaking at the Rotary Club on "Our Monetary Problem," Mr. G.N. Joshi said:

"We are so much absorbed in acquiring and owning wealth that most of us hardly think about our monetary problem. But there is no one single factor which has affected all citizens so much as the changes in the value of the Rupee in terms of commodities both internally and externally. Our monetary problem has many aspects, but I want to speak on only one aspect which is very important and which requires immediate solution.

NOT PRACTICAL POLITICS.

"India is linked to the sterling at sh. 1/6. I will not discuss the wisdom of India's leaving the rupee to find its own level as it is not practical politics. I am concerned with the immediate problem that is facing our country and on the proper solution of which depends the prosperity of our immediate future. Our monetary problem has two aspects: (1) permanent—that of the standard; (2) immediate, that of the ratio. As regards the standard, India does not want to take any hasty step till normal conditions are restored and future of monetary system becomes certain. But it may be stated once for all that in future India does not want to use gold for internal monetary purposes. At the present stage of our habits, prejudices, psychology and knowledge, it is impossible to dispense with gold entirely for ever for all purposes. Gold will have to be used for international payments and also as an anchor for the monetary system. India will adopt when time comes, a standard best suited to meet her needs in which gold will be used only for international purposes. Thus so far as the question of standard is concerned India does not want to do anything for the present, but to continue the 'status quo.'

FAIR WEATHER STABILITY.

The other aspect is that of the ratio. It is to be noted that the pre-occupation of the currency authorities in India ever since 1898 has been the stability of exchange. Stability of exchange which is an incident of the gold standard became without the adoption of the gold standard, the sole objective of the currency policy. This stability has proved a fair weather stability. It broke down in crises. It involved the country into heavy sacrifices. It was mostly responsible for the heavy absorption of gold which became frozen, thus depriving the country of its enormous potential capital resources, which were adequate for her development on modern lines. It necessitated the location of India's gold reserve in England. It required heavy purchases of silver at inflated prices and its sale at abnormally low prices.

IMPROVEMENT IN PRICES.

Prices have certainly improved to some extent but not to the same extent as in other countries which are off gold. They are still abnormally low in India. The purchasing power of the producer is immensely curtailed owing to the abnormal fall in the prices of agricultural products. The burden of agrarian indebtedness, has tremendously increased and the burden of land revenue has also gone up. The immediate need of the country is to bring about a rise in prices, of agricultural products. Nobody advocates inflation, nobody wants the Government or the Reserve Bank to resort to the printing machine. What is needed is reflation. Expansion of purchasing power resulting in the restoration of hope and optimism is immediately needed.

With the Reserve Bank having control of currency and credit of the country and with the money —rupee, note,—deprived of alternative use, it is possible to pursue a policy of expansion within the country and stability externally."

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

About three to four miles from the Andheri Railway Station in the midst of the mango groves is a village known as Sahar which is inhabited mostly by Catholics whose chief occupation is cultivation.

This village has a Young Men's Parish Association which held its twelfth annual sports last Sunday under the presidentship of Mr. C. D. Barfiwalla, President of the Suburban District Local Board.

This Association in the space of these twelve years has done some really good work and is well-known in the field of sports.

Mr. Dias, one of the villagers, in his speech stressed the necessity for a good road leading to Sahar and asked Mr. Barfiwalla to help them in this respect.

Mr. Barfiwalla replied that he had already knocked at the door of the Government for the Central Salsette Railway tract but due to unacceptable terms and conditions that idea was dropped, but he asked to form a committee and help him in this respect.

MAY DAY DANCE AT BANDRA

Mangalorean Catholic Recreation Club—many of you might have heard of this Club before for its various activities—was registered under the Companies Act in 1930. This Club started with a number of about 70 members and has now over a 100 on its list. Situated in the area of the Catholic Housing Society it has about 17,000 square yards of land containing two tennis courts.

Recently it held its tennis tournaments but owing to the illness of one of the competitors the final of the 'handicap' singles was delayed which was played on Sunday last when J. F. Farias beat L. Colaco.

Yesterday I met Mr. M. J. Pereira, the Secretary of this Club, who told me that the Club was having an open air dance on its Tennis Courts and that the High Hatters Dance Band was to play for the occasion.

This dance, I understand, is the last open air affairs in Bandra before the commencing of monsoon and promises to be a very enjoyable affair.

Prizes for Balloon Sport and Fox Trot competition are to be awarded in cash and silver cups. So do not forget Saturday, 2nd May at 9-30 p.m. at the Mangalorean Club, Perry Road, Bandra . . .

"MAY DAY" IN CITY

To-morrow's Meetings In Bombay

Under the joint auspices of the Congress Socialist Party, the All-India Trade Union Congress and the National Trade Union Federation, the following six meetings have been arranged for observing the "May Day" to-morrow Friday:—

At Chowpatty, at 6-30 p.m. Mr. Achut Patwardhan will preside.
Lalbaug at 5-30 p.m. Mrs. Maniben will preside.
Parel (G.I.P.) at 5-30 p.m. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta will preside.
Wadi Bunder (Dock area) at 5-30 p.m. Dr. M. R. Shetty will preside.
Foras Road Garden at 5-30 p.m. Mr. S. H. Jhabvala will preside.
Madanpura at 8-30 p.m. Mr. R. R. Bakhale will preside.
Prominent speakers will address at each of these meetings.

MURARJEE NAIK ANNIVERSARY.

Under the auspices of Worli Gopchar and Bhoye Samsthan's P. K. Historical Research Committee the 187th anniversary of Murarjee Naik, who died on the Battlefield of Bassein in 1739 A.D., will be celebrated to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. at Gamdevi, in the Gamdevi Temple, under the presidentship of Mr. K. H. Goregaonker J. P. Solicitor when, amongst others, Doctor, N. D. Savarkar and Mr. M. J. Goregaonker, will be the speakers.

JAMIAT SHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEN

The fourth annual general meeting of Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen will take place to-day (Thursday), at 9-30 p.m. at Jamiat's hall.

DONATIONS TO GHATKOPAR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

Generous donations have been declared to the various public institutions of Ghatkopar on the auspicious occasion of the betrothal of Mr. Vinodchandra, son of Sheth Talakchand Devji Shah Jetpurwalla, the well-known merchant of Rangoon. The Institutions helped are:—Shymabai Vithaldas Municipal Maternity Home Rs. 150; Ghatkopar Rashtriya Shala Rs. 101; Ghatkopar Hindu Sabha Rs. 101; Ghatkopar Ramji Assur Vidyalaya Rs. 101; Ghatkopar Gurukul High School Rs. 101; Sthanakvasi Jain Panshadshala Rs. 101.

Parliament Of Religions

Under the auspices of the Ram-Krishna Centenary committee, the Parliament of Religions will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall from May 7 to May 9 at 6-15 p.m. Sir S. Radhakrishnan will preside.

B. P. C. C. MEETING

The ordinary April meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6-45 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

KAIVALYADHAMA HEALTH CENTRE BUILDING

The opening ceremony of the above building (near Govt Central Press) will be performed to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m (S.T.) by H. H. Maharana Sri Sir Natavarsinhji Bahadur of Porbander.

IN AND AROUND —BOMBAY—

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

President In Bombay

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Indian National Congress, will be in Bombay in the middle of next month. He will be staying in the city on 16th 17th and 18th of May. More than a fortnight is ahead and already the General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. has received a countless number of letters from several associations in the city, asking him as to whether Pt. Jawaharlal could be persuaded to visit their association or accept an address on behalf of their organisation etc. Panditji arrived in Bombay three years ago, immediately after his release from jail and after the Poona Congressmen's Conference. He stayed here for a couple of days both of which proved to be very busy days as he had a very crowded programme. He will have been in Bombay after three years and there is no doubt that his stay will be taken advantage of by Congress workers in the city. The youth of the city, particularly, have a very great claim on him and the enthusiasm with which he will be received both by the young and the old can only be imagined to-day. If one recollects the spontaneous hartal observed by the citizens when Shreemati Kamla Nehru died. Whether one agrees with his politics or not, everyone loves Pt. Jawaharlal and he will receive an unprecedented reception in the city when he arrives here for the first time after becoming the Congress President for the second time This is also the first time he is coming after his visit to Europe.

Our Foot-Paths

During the last five years Bombay city has been much improved and those who return to Bombay after an absence of five or ten years are amazed at the new roads, and new buildings in place of narrow roads and dilapidated old buildings. While the city has made much improvement even in the matter of traffic where motor traction has, to a great extent, taken the place of the old bullock carts and horse drawn gharris, it is surprising to find that no headway is made in the improvement of the foot paths Practically in almost all parts of the city the condition of the foot paths is one that would put the city to shame. Considering the rate at which the improvements on the foot paths are made, it will take at least a century before all the foot paths in the city are paved. Owing to the heavy vehicular traffic in the city, the pedestrians are expected to walk on the foot-paths, but many of the latter are either under repairs, or neglected in pavement for months together and it is time the long-felt grievance of the pedestrians was looked into by the municipality.

SMALL-POX EPIDEMIC IN BOMBAY

Standing Committee Sanctions Additional Grant For Staff

The standing committee of the Municipal Corporation at its meeting held on Wednesday evening sanctioned an additional grant of Rs. 11,600 to meet the cost of the additional staff appointed in connection with the small-pox epidemic. The Figures or attacks and deaths in the city are as follows:—

	Attacks	Deaths
January	109	64
February	238	139
March	308	191
Total	655	394

In view of this alarming prevalence the additional relief staff will be maintained for some time longer.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

Lady Brabourne presided at the Combined Annual General Meeting of the Provincial Baby and Health Week Association and its Bombay Branch at the Secretariat on Wednesday.

The Hon'ble Sir Robert and Miss Bell lunched at Government House on Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay presided at a Meeting of the Members of the Executive and Sub-Committees of the King George V Memorial Fund at Government House, Lady Brabourne was present on Wednesday.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1936

UNWARRANTED ALARM

President Jawaharlal's socialistic utterances in and outside the Congress have given rise to an unintelligent and needlessly alarmist criticism among certain unprogressive businessmen in the country. Presiding over the C.P. and Berar Merchants' Conference at Nagpur, Mr. Walchand Hirachand remarked that Indian businessmen should convince the Congress that Socialism was foreign to the genius and culture of the country, that it ran counter to human nature, and that altogether it was not in the interests of the country. Again at the quarterly meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, on Tuesday, Mr. A. D. Shroff, the Vice-President of the Chamber, dwelt at some length on this subject. To prevent the possibility of a summary of his views misrepresenting him to any extent, we shall quote his own words. He said: "Apart from the undesirability at this juncture in the history of this country of evoking class hatred between the haves and the have-nots, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has indulged in a very serious self-contradiction when he wants a rapid industrialisation of the country and at the same time preaches the abolition of private property. Pronouncements of this character coming particularly from a person in the position of the President of the most important political organisation in the country are more likely to injure the best interests of this country if they result in checking industrial enterprise and in encouraging flight of capital from India. It is no doubt a matter of no small relief to know that the President of the Congress does not express the majority view of the Party, but it will not pay the country to be blind to the stern realities of the situation that the use of the organisation and the machinery of an influential party like the Congress for the spread of such ill-considered ideas and policies in the existing conditions of widespread economic misery is fraught with consequences which may more easily be imagined than described. The commercial and industrial community of this country, in my opinion, must make it perfectly clear to the Congress that the most vital economic interests of the country are being endangered and a most undesirable and, if I may say so, anti-national feeling of class war is fostered by the teaching of the philosophy of which the President of the Indian National Congress is the author."

Wanted Clear Understanding

To be able to do their duty by the Congress and the country, businessmen should first clearly understand President Jawaharlal's precise views on the adoption of Socialism in India and to what extent the Congress has identified itself with them. At the outset they should realise that Socialism is of various forms, but that the principle underlying most of them is the same: namely, securing a more equitable distribution of the wealth of a community and thereby ending the present exploitation of the poor by capitalists and imperialists. In this general sense Socialism is an ideal devoutly to be cherished, and for any one to express alarm at any approach towards it is to betray an unedifying solicitude for the vested interests of a few rather than for the larger interests of the community as a whole. It is also ridiculous to suggest that Socialism is alien to the genius of India and hurtful to its interests. President Jawaharlal after stating his own ideal of Socialism,—which, be it admitted, is the very antithesis of the principle of "Profit, all profit and nothing but profit"—and describing it felicitously as "the replacement of the present profit system by a higher ideal of co-operative service," adds explicitly: "I do not know how or when this new order will come to India. I imagine that every country will fashion it after its own way and fit it in with its national genius." He also adds that, though he would like the Congress to become a Socialist organisation, he realises that the majority in it to-day may not be prepared to go so far and that he had no desire "to force the issue in the Congress and thereby create difficulties in the way of our struggle for independence."

The Congress Attitude

As for the Congress attitude towards Socialism, it is to be judged by its resolutions and its general tradition. The Congress, it is well-known, stands for all classes and communities, but justly champions, in particular, the cause of the poor. Its attitude is well represented by its Karachi resolution on Fundamental Rights. And now under the President's lead it is trying to get into closer touch with the people, to serve them better and secure both economic and political freedom for them. This is, indeed, an approach to a form of Socialism but one at which no sensible man need be alarmed. Sensible businessmen in particular should welcome the betterment of the poor as that, by adding to their purchasing power, would help industries considerably. Mr. Shroff says the President "has indulged in a serious self-contradiction when he wants a rapid industrialization of the country and at the same time preaches the abolition of private property," and he thus proceeds to let his alarmist imagination run riot: "Pronouncements of this character coming particularly from a person in the position of the President of the most important political organisation in the country are more likely to injure the best interests of this country if they result in checking industrial enterprise and in encouraging flight of capital from India." If Mr. Shroff had not actually uttered these words we could not have imagined a responsible businessman and a student of economics and contemporary history indulging in such a farrago of nonsense. Does Mr. Shroff want us to believe that the doctrines which the President of the Congress has been preaching are quite new to the world? Not only have there been Socialist Parties in many European countries, and a Socialist Government even in England, but Socialism has been put into practice, to a considerable extent in those countries, without there being a check to industrialization and a flight of capital. Again, does Mr. Shroff not know that Russia, which has tried Socialism to a greater extent than any other country, is now one of the two or three most industrialized countries in the world? The truth is that the fears to which Mr. Shroff has given expression are as unworthy as they are unwarranted. Individuals in the Congress may and will preach more distinctive and more radical forms of Socialism. But most of these place before the Congress, as does the President, an ideal to be reached progressively. He himself points out that the ideal will have to be modified by the genius of the country, and that the pace of progress towards it will be determined by various conditions. He points out, too, that the immediate task of the country and the Congress is to secure a united front against imperialism for the winning of independence. It is the duty of Indian businessmen to take their place in this joint front. Mr. Rahimtoola M. Chinoy, the President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, justly pleaded for India's economic rights, particularly for a more systematic tariff barrier and support to Indian shipping. But these rights can be fully safeguarded only after India gets full freedom. Mr. Shroff himself states that our primary task is to obtain political freedom. It is, therefore, the duty of businessmen, instead of raising needless alarms and finding fault with the Congress or its leaders, to help it in all possible ways, to secure the country's freedom.

The Problem Of Peace

It is a welcome surprise to find Field Marshal Viscount Allenby, a "gallant warrior," uttering a grave warning against war and armament. Two sentences from his speech as Rector of the Edinburgh University will bear reproduction:—"Lord Allenby said that unless a successful effort was made in the right direction the present social system would crumble to ruin. The knowledge that the cleverest brains everywhere were busily experimenting with new inventions facilitating slaughter might perhaps bring to statesmen a warning of their sense of responsibility." Lord Allenby has not exaggerated the consequences of war, a war which is being precipitated by an arms race. But the tragedy is that so far from awakening into statesmen a sense of responsibility, the "progress" in the quantity and quality of armaments is only atrophying it still more completely.

Lord Allenby suggests the establishment of a fellowship of Nations—what else was the League of Nations?—and recommends the formation of a world police force to keep international order. The suggestion is interesting. But can such a force be formed? Its success postulates an international organisation to control it, and since an international organisation means a group of representative "Statesmen" what can be hoped from men whose main achievement has been to kill the League of Nations? If they could not make a success of the League and sanctions how can they make a suggestion is interesting. But can such a force be formed? Its success force? Even Mr. Anthony Eden, that wild man of peace, has failed the League. His latest statement may well suggest that in certain eventualities Britain will leave the League of Nations. We would welcome such an action as a protest against the League's ignoble betrayal of Abyssinia, but for two points which vitiate its genuineness Even supposing that Britain is altogether free from blame, where is the consistency, to say the least of it, in simultaneously co-operating and collaborating with those Member States which are responsible for the failure of the League? Secondly, if Britain is so much in earnest as to be prepared to leave the League, the first thing she ought to have decided upon doing was to demand publicly of the League that it shall impose further and effective sanctions and challenge other Powers to oppose the demand. This Mr. Eden is not prepared even now to do!

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

Gleaning From The World Press

(By Our London Correspondent from World Press).

Louis Golding is back in London once again. He was spotted in the Waldorf Hotel the other day wearing a brick-red tie—a colour which has absolutely escaped the fashionable tie-shops of Burlington Arcade. Golding's tie was hand-woven by Red Indians. If you know him well he will show you the label attached to it which guaranteed (1) that it really was hand-woven, (2) that the weaver really was a Red Indian, and (3) that the tie was bought in Red Indian territory.

* * * *

The form of address in letters of resignation such as that of Lord Eustace Percy differs from Minister to Minister. It depends largely on the personal relations between the retiring Minister and the Prime Minister of the day. Generally speaking, the tendency has been towards greater informality. It would be difficult to imagine a member of the younger Pitt's administration, for instance, beginning his lettter of resignation "My Dear Billy."

Lord Eustace's introduction, "My dear Prime Minister," is correctly deferential to one who is both his leader and an older man. Mr. Baldwin's reply, which begins, "My dear Eustace," also nicely reflects the difference in their ages.

And example of coevals corresponding in public is provided by the exchange of letters between Sir Austen Chamberlain and Mr. Baldwin after the National Government victory in the General Election of 1931. Sir Austen wrote to Mr. Baldwin resigning all claims to office. He started the letter "My dear Baldwin," to which his correspondent replied, "My dear Chamberlain," Lord Snowden's letter of resignation in October, 1932, started "Dear Prime Minister." In a private letter to Mr. MacDonald, he began with "My dear MacDonald," to which, however, Mr. MacDonald replied with "My dear Philip."

When Lord Birkenhead resigned in 1928, Mr. Baldwin wrote him a private letter. It began "My dear F. E." and concluded "Yours ever, S. B."

* * * *

The heading of the German long-term proposals brought by Herr von Ribbentrop to London is an example of Teutonic precision. It runs:

Peace Plan of German Government of March 31, 1936. Handed to the British Government by Ambassador von Ribbentrop on April 1, 1936.

The German delegation had promised that the German proposals

(Continued on page 7).

Indian Companies Act Amendment Bill

A Critical Review

By JAGMOHANDAS J. KAPADIA I.

It is not possible, within the scope of a limited number of Press articles, to enter into a critical examination of all the provisions of the Indian Companies Act Amendment Bill, raising as it does, numerous important issues for consideration. I would, therefore, confine myself to a broad survey of the more important provisions only and would indicate briefly what improvements are necessary to make the Bill really useful and effective.

Prospectuses And Offers For Sale

When a company purchases a property and issues a Prospectus for obtaining capital with a view to make payment of the purchase price or when the purchase is uncompleted at the date of the Prospectus, there is no obligation on the company under the existing law to disclose in its Prospectus any information regarding profits made by vendors on the sale of the property to the company. This has resulted in the vendors selling their properties to companies at extravagant prices without the unsuspecting investor having any knowledge of the fact so much so that he subsequently finds to his cost that the cream has already been skimmed and that he has to carry the baby. In order to check this practice an attempt has been made by the Bill (vide clause 38(a) (iii), to compel disclosure, in the cases mentioned above, of the amounts at which the property has been transferred "by sale" during the two years preceding the issue of the Prospectus. To cite an illustration, if A who has bought a steamer for Rs. 2,00,000 sells it to B for Rs. 4,00,000 who in turn sells it for Rs. 6,00,000 to a company it will be obligatory for the company to disclose in its Prospectus the price at which A has purchased the steamer, that at which he has sold it to B and the price at which B has sold it to the company provided the Prospectus is issued within two years from A's purchase. The object of the new provision is to warn the public against applying for shares of the company which was purchasing the steamer at a price which already represented an increase within two years of 300 per cent. over the price paid by A.

A Grave Defect

In this connection it would be interesting to note that in their Report on the methods of company promotion the Commission recently appointed in New Zealand have recommended "That every prospectus should include a statement of the price or prices at which land was transferred during the previous 5 years or in respect of the 3 previous transfers whichever covers larger period." There can be no question as to the desirability of the amendment proposed. If anything, the two years' limit prescribed by the clause is inadequate. Again the value of the clause would, in my opinion, greatly suffer by the absence of any provision making it compulsory for a company to disclose in its Prospectus information concerning the state and condition of the property proposed to be acquired. This is a grave defect which I hope the Select Committee will not fail to remove.

Disclosure Of Profits

Where the property to be acquired by the company is a business the clause further provides that the profits accruing from such business during each of the three years immediately preceding the issue of the Prospectus or during each year of the existence of the business if less than three years should be disclosed. In my opinion this provision is not quite adequate inasmuch as disclosure of profits alone is not enough to give a sufficient idea of the true financial condition of the business which is the object underlying the provision. Consequently disclosure of profits should be supplemented by a further statement showing the financial condition of the business at the time of purchase. Again where the business to be acquired has been in existence for less than a year it will not be necessary to state the profits as it might be argued that the business has not been in existence for one full year. To meet such cases it should be provided that where the business has run for less than a year and it is not possible to disclose the profits made the company should in its prospectus disclose the same information as it is liable to disclose in case of acquisition of a property.

Contracts

Under the existing law it is not obligatory for a company to disclose contracts however material made two years before the date of the Prospectus. An attempt has been made in the new Bill to exempt contracts appointing or fixing the remuneration of a Managing Director or Managing Agent from the operation of the existing rule (see clause 38a) (IV). It is, however, disappointing to find that several other suggestions made for amendment of the existing law with regard to disclosure

(Continued on page 9).

Frankly Speaking

JAPAN'S ALTRUISM!

The second step towards the occupation of Northern China has now been taken by Japan. Hopei and Chahar, which were created "autonomous provinces" at the point of the bayonet, are now reported to have concluded a semi-military Pact with Japan, whereby Japan is given—or rather confers on herself—the right to station troops at strategic points on railways and on the Western and Southern borders of the two Provinces. This is more than a "tightening" of the Japanese grip, as the Shanghai report says. It is the penultimate stage in the formal annexation of these provinces. Indeed it is worse. "The pact," it is reported, "provides for joint action against Communists." It thus prepares the ground for a further advance into China on the very convenient excuse of punishing Communists who, as is well-known, are devils incarnate always itching to annoy and goad the poor unoffending Japanese. We wonder how Chiang Kai Shek will react to this pact. Will he support the Japs or the Reds?

WORKING COMMITTEE

The Congress Working Committee has appointed two standing committees: a Labour Committee "to keep in touch with the Labour movement and endeavour to develop co-operation with it and advise the Working Committee thereon"; and a Parliamentary Committee "to take such steps as may be necessary in connection with the organization of elections to the legislatures." Both the Committees are representative and may be trusted to do their tasks efficiently. The Parliamentary Committee will probably soon appoint provincial committees. In any case it will have to bestir itself at once in view of the enormous amount of work that has to be done with regard to the electoral rolls and other work in connection with the approaching elections. As regards other items of work considered by the Working Committee, the General Secretary, referring to the report of a deadlock necessitating Gandhiji's intervention, makes the somewhat cryptic remark: "We were having a talk about the future programme and his presence was felt to be necessary." More light is needed on this point.

CONCILIATION AT POONA

It is very gratifying to learn that, in spite of eleventh hour hitches, an agreement has been reached between Hindu and Muslim leaders at Poona and normal activities have been restored. A joint Conciliation Committee has been formed to maintain amicable relations between the two communities, to collect funds for repairs to damaged Hindu and Muslim shrines, and to render help to those injured during the disturbances. Most gratifying is the formation of a joint agency to give relief to both Hindus and Muslims. It is up to the leaders of both the communities to see that the reconciliation effected in face of great difficulties is not again disturbed on any account.

SUBHAS AND GOVERNMENT

It is nearly a month since Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose was arrested on landing in Bombay and taken to Yeravda to be detained in the jail under Regulation 18 of 1918. Mr. Bose has for a long time been more or less an invalid suffering from severe troubles. Would it, therefore, be unreasonable to wonder if Government realise that their distinguished prisoner needs attention and treatment in a very special degree? We ask this question because, so far as the public are aware, Sjt. Bose is still kept in Yeravda, where the climate, at this time of the year, is far from suitable, and he has not been transferred, as was generally expected, to some better place, if not to his own Province. Then, considering the serious state of his health, would it not have been a desirable action on the part of Government to call in his own doctors for consultation who know him?

PUNJAB YOUTH ASSOCIATION

The Punjab has lately earned an unenviable notoriety as the hot-bed of communal strife, and we, therefore, particularly welcome the inauguration of the Punjab Youth Association with the professed object of fighting the canker of communalism and religious fanaticism. The Association aims at providing a platform where the youths of different communities can meet together, work together and "realise their common sufferings, common joys and common ideals." The modern Indian youth is, of course, more advanced in his views and more catholic in his outlook than his parent. As such he is more fitted to bring about unity in the country, and to give an impetus to progress whether it be in the political, social or economic field. The greatest hope for India lies in the awakening of her youths to their common heritage and common goal, and we, therefore, trust the Punjab youth Association will be soon able to achieve its very laudable aims.

Prophet Mahomed And Standard Encyclopaedia

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was surprised to read the following on page 841 under the heading "Mahomet" in the New Standard Encyclopaedia.

"He is believed to have been epileptic.....He left no son. His sayings were collected together to form the Koran which contains the creed of his millions of followers."

The author of the book says that the prophet Mahomed is believed to have been epileptic.

Epilepsy as is known is a nervous disease in which patient falls to ground unconscious, with spasms and foaming at mouth.

Now for a Prophet of such a high eminence and spiritual power to be an epileptic is only fabrication and falsehood on the part of the author to compile without consulting the best authorities on the subject. Is this not a defamation of the Holy Prophet?—Yours, etc.

A. A. HUSAIN

135 Zahra Cottage,
8th Road Khar,
April 29

The "Congress Cabinet"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Among the many surprises sprung by the various schools of thought in the Congress, the personnel of the new Congress Cabinet can perhaps beat all. It is most deplorable that there is no representative of the feminine sex on the Committee. There is no denying of the fact that the Indian women are far advanced and can legitimately claim representation on the Working Committee. It is difficult to understand how such a glaring mistake has come to pass and it is even more surprising to note that even a feeble protest is not forthcoming from any woman in the land.

Any way, the Working Committee is entitled to loyal co-operation and support from all quarters in order to be enabled to strengthen the struggle for Independence. May it guide us on to the right path!—Yours, etc.,

DHIRAJLAL S. TRIVEDI.

WITHOUT COMMENT—

There is too much sloppy talk about the oppressor and the oppressed, for in this case the oppressor is certainly Abyssinia, which has again and again in the past defied Italy's desires to impose decent Government upon it.

—Lady Houston's "Saturday Review."

* * * *

The Parliamentary Select Committee appointed to consider the King's Civil List have recommended a Privy Purse amounting to £4,33,100.

Not being well up in Arithmetic we cannot say exactly what relation this amount bears to the total revenues of Britain though, of course, we are certain, it is several thousand times more than the average income of the British working class.

What is equally certain is that the amount that the King-Emperor of the world's greatest empire is to receive for his personal expenditure is considerably less than the actual amount spent upon themselves by many of our petty Indian princes.

* * * *

Commenting on President Jawaharlal's recent speech the "Leader" says, "Certainly, freedom and the Communal Award can go ill together."

Quite right.

But the Communal Award and the New Constitution (which the "Leader" wants to work "for all it is worth") make an ideal pair. Let those who take the camel take the cat too with it.

* * * *

It is reported that as late as 1922 King Fuad nominated a Council of Regency in the event of his death and that nomination is preserved as a sealed document.

Now let's try to recall who was what and what was how in 1922.

.....h'm.... m'yes—oh, yes.....

So that is that!

* * * *

European history in these days is not, says a writer, unlike the Grand National.

Yes. Favourites frequently fail more often at the water jump, and it is the punters who are ruined.

* * * *

A Nazi Bishop has translated the Sermon on the Mount for the benefit of Germans and he has altered everything that might shock a good Nazi.

The next step would be to rewrite the Ten Commandments. That would be easy. All that is required is to delete the "nots" from some and put them in where there are none.

* * * *

Mr. Baldwin's reply to a question relating to Mandates ought to settle Nazi hopes once for all.

But so far as Palestine's hopes, for instance, are concerned, they shall remain in suspended animation—indefinitely.

* * * *

Is it too much to believed, asked Field Marshal Lord Allenby, that human intellect is equal to the problem of designing a World State wherein neighbours can live without molestation in collective security?

No. It is not.

But what will happen then, to our diplomats, army, navy and air forces, our respective national fire-eaters, jingos, dictators—and our armament makers?

In the interests of this large section of humanity, therefore, we go on as before.

* * * *

But our Field Marshal wants a "world police force."

More staff conversations!

* * * *

Miss Shahnawaz (daughter of the Round Tabler, Mrs. Shahnawaz) has started an organisation of youths in Lahore, "the main object of which is to fight communalism."

We wish her mission success—at home and elsewhere.

* * * *

It is the right of the youth, she said, to think progressively and independently.

And it is the privilege of youth to starve gloriously and die "purposefully," as Sir S. Radhakrishnan would say.

* * * *

If Mr. Subhas Bose were available President Jawaharlal Nehru is sure that "the misapprehension (about authorising Mr. Bose to represent Congress abroad) in the minds of some people would be removed."

The President is a supreme optimist. In fact if Mr. Bose were free "some people" would, instead of getting rid of the present misapprehension have had another added to it—against Subhas Bose himself.

Indian Team Meets Freeman's XI

FIRST CONTEST ENDS IN DRAW

Nayudu Falls Victim To New L. B. W. Rule

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 29.

The match between Freeman's side and the Indian Tourists was drawn.

Freeman won the toss and put in the Indians. Hussain and Ramaswamy made the best partnership of the Innings making 30 and 41, the top score, repectively.

The Score:—Indians 185 for 10 Wickets declared. Freeman's Team 173 for 4 Wickets.

The wicket was affected by the early morning rain. Weather was dull.

Freeman, the English captain, won the toss and put in the Indians to bat, who opened their innings with Mushtaque Ali and Palia to the bowling of Nichols and Watt.

Mushtaque Ali late-cut well and used his wrists to good advantage before he was out l.b.w. to Watt.

Palia made some superb drives and was the second victim to l.b.w.

Amarnath who was joined by Nayudu sent up 100 in 88 minutes. Then Amarnath was brilliantly stumped on the legside by Ames, off Ashdown. His 40, which included six hits to the boundary, was a faultless effort and occupied 75 minutes. Nayudu was out l.b.w. under the New Rule to Edrich for 5, he being the first tourist to succumb to the new Rule.

JAI CAUGHT OUT.

Jai was caught at the deep extra cover, off Freeman and Merchant was bowled by Edrich, who was particularly fast. Vizianagram, the Indian Captain, who has sufficiently recovered to play was bowled by Freeman for 8.

At lunch with the score at 120 for 7 wickets; Mohd. Hussain and Ramaswamy were not out with 3 and 8 respectively.

Hussain and Ramaswamy, who made some beautiful wristy strokes, struck up the best partnership of the innings, Hussain making 30 and Ramaswamy, the top-score, namely 41.

Indians declared their innings closed at 185 for 10 and before tea Freeman's Team had lost one wicket for 52.

Amarnath and Nissar were the Indian opening bowlers. Both had excellent length. The batsmen had few opportunities to score.

The first victim of the attack was Fagg, l.b.w. to Amarnath. At tea interval Freeman's XI had made 52 runs for one wicket. Ashdown was not out with 26 and Woolley also not out with 22.

Ashdown played faultless innings and hit nine fours. Woolley was dropped at mid-on, off Palia when his score was 22, but thereafter he played gracefully. His chief hits were nine fours.

INDIANS—1ST INNINGS.

Mushtaque Ali l.b.w., b Watt..	16
Palia l.b.w., b Nichols	10
Amarnath st. Ames, b Ashdown	40
C.K. Nayudu l.b.w. (New Rule) b Edrich	5
Jai c Fagg, b Freeman	11
Merchant b Edrich	4
Vizianagram b Freeman	8
Mohd. Hussain c Watt, b Edrich	30
Ramaswamy c Watt, b Todd ..	41
Hindlekar b Edrich	2
Amir Elahi (not out)	2
Nissar (did not bat)	
Extras	16
Total (for 10 wickets, declared)	185

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—Nichols 1|38; Watt 1|35; Edrich 4|42; Freeman 2|20; Todd 1|17 and Ashdown 1|17.

FREEMAN'S XI—1ST INNINGS.

Fagg l.b.w., b Amarnath ...	4
Woolley c Amarnath, b Merchant	54
Ashdown c Hussain, b Amarnath	65
Ames (not out)	37
Todd c Hindlekar, b Nissar ..	11
Edrich (not out)	0
Extras	2
Total (for 4 wickets)	173

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—Nissar 1|59; Amarnath 2|41; Naidu 0|8; Palia 0|24; Elahi 0|18 and Merchant 1|11.

FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from page 6).

should be in by March 31. After 18 hours' working by Herr Hitler and his advisers, the 'plane carrying the Memorandum landed at Croydon in the dark—but still on March 31. The proposals were therefore actually on English soil within the promised period. They were not presented, however, till 10 o'clock the following morning. In view of the French outcry against the proposals it is surprising that there is no mention in the French press to the fact that they were presented before 12 o'clock on April 1.

* * * *

Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., is ill. He is son of Mrs. Douglas Fairbanks, Sr., No. 1, not of Mary Pickford.

Douglas Fairbanks Sr. (real name Nicholas Ullman) has had three wives. No. 1 was Anna Beth Sully, daughter of Soap Magnates Sully. Married 1907. Later she obtained divorce and married Jack Whiting. Mrs. Fairbanks No. 2—Mary Pickford. Mrs. Fairbanks No. 3—Lady Ashley.

* * * *

A friend drove with a member of the German delegation in a big limousine provided for the delegation's use by Daimler Hire. During the last few weeks Londoners have seen an unusual number of these cars about London. Some have borne the letters "L. N. C." (London Naval Conference), others "L.C." (League Council), others, again, have been used by the various delegations. There is an impression that these are provided by the Government. This is not so. Only on State visits does the British Government Hospitality Fund provides cars and accommodation.

In the last few weeks the cars and the hotel bills of the various foreign representatives have been paid for by the countries concerned—usually through their embassies and legations. To meet the difficulty of non-English-speaking delegates, most of the 20 drivers "on conference work" are equipped with a knowledge of the diplomatic language—French. Very few, however, speak German.

* * * *

Charlie Chaplin has fallen under the ban of the Austrian film censor, as a "dangerous revolutionary." His new film, "Modern Times," is now showing in Vienna, but without one amusing scene.

In this Charlie picks up a red flag dropped by a gang of road-repairers. A procession of Socialist comes around the corner, sees Charlie waving the red flag to attract the departing workmen's attention, and falls into step behind him. The result is that he is arrested as an agitator. The Austrian censor, scenting danger in Charlie's "Socialist propaganda," has deleted this scene from the film.

* * * *

When at Fowle's Literary Luncheon, Mr. J. W. Dunne spoke about immortality the large audience broke into ripples of laughter at intervals. This was because of his piano illustrations of human life.

Present life, according to his theories, is a monotonous scale of one note following another (the pianist played up from the base to the highest treble). But in the next life your experience is not fixed in a dull sequence like that; you can have chords, tunes, grace-notes and what-not (the pianist favoured the guests of the afternoon with bits of Beethoven 'ad lib'). Situated in a different time dimension, you will be able to make play with your whole experience, not just a bit as now.

* * * *

Dr. Eckener, the distinguished head of the Zeppelin Airship Company, is in disgrace and is probably to be superseded because he does not say "Heil Hitler," or does not say it loud enough and often enough. There is a suggestion from a Liberal newspaper that Dr. Eckener should be allowed to pilot the air ship provided he took with him a parrot trained to make the requisite remark at regular intervals. In this way, the view is, Dr. Eckener would be suitably punished, and the loyalty of the passengers and the crew would be satisfied; while the parrot would probably enjoy it.

* * * *

Dealing with an amendment in the Education Bill that a child should not be exempted during a school term, Lady Astor warned the members of the House of Commons against "the persuasive powers of the Minister, under which she herself has suffered." "I have five boys," she added, "and not one of them have stayed at school if he had had his way."

* * * *

Nicolas de Paulis, pork butcher and former employer of Signor Mussolini, who died recently, engaged the Duce as a delivery boy in 1906, when he was 21 years old and had just been expelled from Geneva for his Socialist activities.

De Paulis often told his friends how the future Fascist Dictator, haggard and unshaven, begged him for a job. The pork butcher agreed to employ him — at a salary of 25 shillings a month "all found." He soon discovered that his delivery boy was no ordinary lad, for although attending well to his duties he took advantage of any lull in the business of the shop to read books of law and of history borrowed from the Lausanne Public Library. Mussolini frequently sat at the counter of the shop composing articles for the local Socialist papers.

Prince Farouk who has been proclaimed King of Egypt. Owing to his minority a regency will be established. The new king who was studying in England has left for Alexandria by "The Viceroy of India."

New King Of Egypt

CAIRO, April 29.

Prince Farouk has been proclaimed King. He arrives home from England on May 5th by "the Viceroy of India", which will divert its course to land the King at Alexandria.—Reuter.

30 YEARS OLD THROAT INJURY TAKES EFFECT

CAIRO, April 28.

A bullet fired by his cousin Prince Seifeldin some thirty years ago was finally one of the chief contributory causes to King Fuad's death. Crouching behind a sofa in the Khedivial Club, Cairo from Seifeldin's mad onslaught, Prince Ahmed Fuad as he then was, received the revolver bullet in the throat which led to permanent weakness and an almost constant cough.

The fatal disease attacked this weak spot in the throat and the strain of the cough produced a haemorrhage which in the last stages weakened the King, whose health had been undermined over nineteen months by heart and kidney trouble.

"Can't you let me die in peace," King Fuad is reported to have said to his doctors when wearied by the constant and painful injections of anti-gangrenous serum and glucose.—Reuter.

EGYPTIAN ELECTIONS

No Postponement Due To King's Death

(Special Cable)

CAIRO, April 29.

The Egyptian elections will take place on May 2 as arranged despite the death of King Fuad.

The Cabinet will not yet decide who is now the presumptive heir to the throne. As no woman is allowed to reign in Egypt. Prince Farouk's four sisters are, therefore, ineligible.

LATE KING FUAD

Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen's Condolence

The president of Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen, Bombay, has sent the following cable to the Prime Minister of Egypt:—

"King Fuad's death shocked and grieved Shubban Al-Muslimeen. Flag half-masted. Convey condolences Royal Family and Nation"

Court Mourning For King Fuad

RUGBY, April 29.

King Edward, who yesterday sent a personal message of condolence to King Farouk, has ordered one week's "Court Mourning" for the late King Fuad to begin to-day.—B.O.W.

Motor-Bandits Waylay Merchant

CALCUTTA, April 29.

A number of 'motor bandits' waylaid one merchant at Burrabazar last night and snatched away from his hand a bag containing money at the point of dagger, while the merchant was proceeding along the Harrison Road after the day's transactions.

The taxi-driver was arrested this morning and further investigation is proceeding.— United Press.

English Amateur Golf

DEAL, April 29.

In English Amateur Golf Championship, Third Round, Crawley, former holder, beat Woollam, the present holder, 4-3. In the second round Seabanks, Sheffield businessman, beat Wethered at the 19th hole.

The Walker Cup players, Tolley, Bentley, Rex Hartley and Lister Hartley, have entered the fourth round.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA'S NEW MAYOR

Coalition Party Nominee Elected Without Contest

CALCUTTA: April 29.

At the first meeting of the newly constituted Corporation of Calcutta held this afternoon Sir Hari Shanker Paul and Mr. Abdur Raheem, M.L.C., were declared elected as Mayor and Deputy-Mayor respectively without any contest. Both of them were nominees of the Coalition Party, composed of the members of the European, nominated, Muslim and Independent Nationalist groups.

The Congress Group abstained from participating in the Mayoral election proceedings.

Despite the Muslim agitation led by the Nawab of Dacca and Mr. H.S. Suhrawardy for the Muslim boycott of the Corporation meeting to-day, most of the Muslim councillors attended. There was, however, a mild demonstration by Muslims outside the Corporation building.—United Press.

Congress Nationalists Keep Aloof

CALCUTTA: April 29.

Sir Hari Shanker Paul was unanimously elected Mayor of the Calcutta Corporation to-day and Mr. Abdur Rahim, C.I.E. Deputy-Mayor.

The Congress Nationalists, belonging to Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose Group, abstained from attending the meeting.

ESCORTED BY POLICE.

The Muslim councillors, who either sought election or were nominated, were mostly present. They were brought to the Corporation building under Police escort.

Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, an ex-Mayor, presided.—A

MUSLIM DEMONSTRATION.

Muslim boycotters staged a minor demonstration. About 50 uniformed volunteers surrounded the Corporation building, shouting usual slogans.

Earlier eight men were arrested on a charge of throwing stones at the houses of two Muslim councillors in a South Calcutta suburb. The only woman councillor, Begum F.L. Mayyidzuda, also attended the meeting. She was brought under escort.

POLICE GUARD ENTRANCE

Out of the total strength of 92 councillors 56 attended and out of 22 Muslim councillors and aldermen 17 attended. The entrance to the Corporation buildings was strongly guarded by the police.

In deference to the wishes of the new Mayor the adjournment motion of Mr. Jalaluddin Hashemy to discuss the situation arising out of the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was not considered to-day.

For the first time also the offices of the Corporation were not closed in honour of the new Mayor.—A.P.

THREATENED WITH SOCIAL BOYCOTT

New Councillors Of Calcutta Corporation In A Fix

CALCUTTA, April 29.

At a conference of the Muslim citizens held at Albert Hall last night, the Nawab of Dacca presiding, the action of those Muslims who sought election to the Calcutta Corporation disobeying the mandate of the 'Boycott Committee' was condemned and resolutions passed calling upon these Councillors to resign their seats within three days and abstain from attending any meeting of the Corporation until their resignations were accepted. In the event of their refusing to resign, the Conference called upon the 'Boycott Committee' to enforce the 'Fatwa' issued by leading Ulemas (Religious heads) urging social boycott of the new Councillors.

Another resolution requested the present non-Muslim parties in the Corporation not to elect any one of the Muslim Councillors to the chair of Mayor or Deputy Mayor or allow them to serve on the Standing Committee, as they did not represent Muslim community.

The Nawab of Dacca and Maulana Abdur Rauf, among others, addressed the Conference which lasted till midnight.—United Press.

Harijan Sangh's Bhajan Party

TRIVANDRUM, April 29.

The secretary of the Kerala Harijan Sevak Sangh announces that Bahjan parties will now be organised in Travancore, which will go walking as originally proposed and are expected to do effective propaganda in rural areas. —A. P.

Vandalism On Back Bay

AREA OPPOSITE BAND-STAND TO BE BUILT UPON

Bombay's Beauty Spot To Be Marred

Every evening hundreds of men, women and children gather at the Bandstand, near the Cooperage. Hundreds of children are seen daily at play. In future they will continue to gather and play there. But they will not enjoy the cool, invigorating breeze from the sea a few yards off. For, the vacant site opposite the band-stand, has been leased out, under the Back Bay Development Scheme, and over that site, huge buildings are rising. A number of buildings are already under construction. All of them are five-storeyed buildings, and some of them are even higher. The site opposite to the band-stand has a frontage of 325 feet and is divided into three plots. To the north of the site is a road 120 feet in width running upto the sea. To the south of the site, the present road leading to the swimming baths, will be left as it is. But all breeze from the sea, which blows towards the band-stand will be effectively blocked by these huge structures.

One wishes that the authorities ought to have shown some consideration for the people who throng at the place. Every plot in the development area may be, no doubt, valuable. But the authorities should have imposed a little check on their eagerness to make what money they could, out of the Back Bay Scheme, and they could have left that area opposite to the Band-stand vacant, so that the sea-breeze might have a free inlet into the locality where people gather for that very breeze.

Is it even now too late? Is It Too Late? Already buildings are being built with considerable rapidity. That area has been leased out and building operations have commenced. But if the authorities can find it humanly possible to cancel the lease and keep the site vacant, it is earnestly urged that they will do so. In that fine plot, if a garden is raised instead of a mammoth building, the residents of the locality and the citizens of Bombay will benefit to a great extent. Apart from revenue, Government must determine their action by aesthetic consideration? Is the Bombay Municipal Corporation going to keep quiet?

RUBBER SLUMPS IN LONDON, AMSTERDAM & NEW YORK

LONDON, April 29.

The Rubber Quota decision completely surprised the majority of traders who generally anticipated that there would be no change. Consequently the commodity slumped sharply in London, Amsterdam and New York, although the volume of liquidation was not great.

It is suggested that the committee's decision was possibly influenced by Mr. Townsend, the consumers' Advisory Representative, foreshadowing a large increase in United States consumption.

It is estimated that world stocks are at present being drained by 15,000 to 18,000 tons monthly, and the quota will increase the releases by about 5,000 tons more rubber monthly, decelerating the present rate of stocks decline accordingly.

It is considered that by taking a decision now which will not be effective until July, the possibility of any far-reaching effect on prices is diminished.

Moreover it is hoped that American consumers who were recently inclined to hold off lest the quota should change will now re-enter the market.—Reuter.

INDIA PREFERS TEA

Decrease In Beer Production

LONDON (By Mail)

In India the output of tea has increased, while beer production has decreased.

This was a point made by Mr. D. B. Meek, Indian Trade Commissioner, in a paper to the Royal Society of Arts in London.

Mr. Meek said that the tendency in tea output had been toward a continued and steady increase. Together with the increase in production, there had also been a steady growth in tea consumption in India, he said.

Speaking of beer, Mr. Meek said: Imports are now a million gallons less than the pre-War figure, while the present production is only half the pre-War production. —Reuter.

HERRIOT TO CONTEST SECOND BALLOT

PARIS, April 28.

M. Herriot is now certain of election in next Sunday's second ballot in Lyons. He has definitely decided to stand again and the regional Communist Party has decided to vote in his favour.

Withdrawals hitherto include the Radical Socialist Minister of Education M. Guernut, who retired from Aisne in favour of a Socialist.—Reuter.

LINDRUM STILL AHEAD

LONDON, April 28.

To-day's closing score in the World's Snooker Championship is as follows:—Lindrum 11 frames, Davis 5.—Reuter.

"ORIENTAL'S" PROGRESS

Rs. 125 Dividend Per Share Declared At 61st Annual Meeting

The proposal that dividend to shareholders for the year ended 31st December, 1935, be paid at the rate of Rs. 125 per share (free of Income Tax) on and after Thursday, 30th April, 1936, to those shareholders whose names stood on the Company's Register on Thursday, the 16th day of April, 1936, was carried, at the sixty-first annual general meeting of the shareholders and policyholders of the Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, Limited, which was held at the Oriental Buildings, Bombay, on Wednesday.

Sir Purushotamdas Thakurdas, Chairman of the Board of Directors, presided on the occasion.

Mr. H. Edwin Jones, Manager, presented the report of the auditors.

The report of the Directors was then adopted.

Sir Kikabhai Premchand, Mr. R. P. Masani and Mr. Rahimtoola M. Chinoy were re-elected directors. Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Co., and Messrs. Chandabhoy and Jassoobhoy were re-elected as Shareholders' and Policyholders' Auditors respectively.

A bonus equal to one month's salary was also proposed to be paid to the officers and staff who are now and were in the Company's service at 31st December, 1935, and who had then served for not less than one year

FIRE CAUSES TWO LAKHS DAMAGE

BANKURA, April 29.

Loss to the extent of Rs. 2,00,000 was caused by a devastating fire that broke out yesterday in Kanchanpur, one of the richest villages of this district.

For want of adequate water the fire could not be extinguished although thousands of people assembled there and only witnessed their valuables being reduced to ashes.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

NAVY IN NEW ARMAMENT SCHEME

LONDON, April 29.

The Navy's share of the new defence proposals will be announced to-morrow when the Admiralty will issue a White Paper giving details of the plans for the current year. It is understood that a supplementary estimate amounting to about ten millions sterling will be issued simultaneously. This sum is additional to the ten millions extra for the Air Force already announced. It is anticipated that the additional sum for the Army which is expected shortly will be considerably smaller.—Reuter.

Indian Chamber And Congress President

MR. NAGINDAS SUGGESTS EXCHANGE OF VIEWS

A suggestion that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru should be invited by the Indian Merchants' Chamber for an exchange of views when he came to Bombay, was made by Mr. Nagindas T. Master, at the first quarterly meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, held on Tuesday evening, with Mr. R. M. Chinoy in the chair.

Discussion followed on a reference in the speech of the Vice-President of the Chamber in which he criticised the theories of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, and considered industrialisation of the country incompatible with the proposal of abolition of private property.

After Mr. Rahimtoola M. Chinoy, the President, and the Vice-President had addressed the House, Mr. Keshavprasad Desai referred to the proposed amendments to the Indian Companies Act, mentioned in the speech of Mr. A. D. Shroff.

Mr. Desai said that the Government were negligent about the introduction of amendments to the Indian Insurance Act, which were urgently needed at the present juncture. Mr. Shroff in his speech had enumerated certain glaring instances about the Companies Act and about the inadequacy of capital in the matter of certain companies. The same was true in the case of Life Insurance companies, said Mr. Desai. Many companies with inadequate capital were started and they were not able to work successfully with the result that the interests of the poor policy-holders were jeopardised. It was, therefore, high time that the Insurance Act was properly amended.

INDUSTRIALISTS AND EMPLOYEES

Continuing Mr. Desai said, that there was another issue to which reference was made in the speech of Mr. A. D. Shroff, namely, the presidential address of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at the Indian National Congress at Lucknow. He believed that the industrialists and the merchants owed it a duty to the labouring classes and to the consumers, to give them a share out of their profits. It was a pity that they had neglected in the past, the welfare of these classes and if people were to hold extreme views in the matter, the industrialists and the merchants and to thank themselves.

Instead of requesting the Government or the Congress to formulate a scheme for the amelioration of the people in the country, it was the duty of the industrialists and the merchants themselves to formulate such a scheme.

Mr. Padmakant J. Shroff enquired if the views expressed by Mr. A. D. Shroff were his own, or whether they represented the views of Chamber.

The President stated that they were Mr. Shroff's personal views and did not represent the views of the Chamber as a whole.

INVITE THE PRESIDENT

Mr. Nagindas T. Master at the outset felt glad that the views of Mr. Shroff did not represent the

(Continued in Col. 5.)

The Kaivalyadhama Health Centre's New premises on the Back Bay, the opening ceremony of which will be performed to-day (Thursday) by His Highness the Maharana Saheb of Porbunder

A Look Round The World

What If Italy Wins?

Increasing Abyssinian Population — Cannot Be Displaced Easily —: Hot And Arid Lands — No Possibility Of Irrigation

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

"Even if Italy wins the war, the prospects of Italian emigrants, when hostilities cease, are very poor," declares Miss Muriel Currey, the one-time War correspondent in Abyssinia.

"I do not think that there is any opening for Italian emigrants there. The native population increases rapidly in peace time and they can hardly be displaced. Even, as it is corn is imported from Australia to supplement the ordinary supply in Abyssinia. The lowlands are so hot and arid that no one can live there. Cattle are raised on the mountain slopes, but the pasture is poor and the animals very small. It is only on the central plateau that agriculture is possible, and then only at certain seasons. Cotton and tobacco are grown on small section on the eastern frontier but possibility of further developments of that kind is remote.

The country has been thoroughly surveyed for minerals, none, however, have been found in a quantity which makes it worth while to work them. It is a poor territory, and it would really only be of value to the Abyssinians if worked out under European direction."

Huge Tracts Can Be Written Off

"Huge tracts of Abyssinia can be written off at once as valueless," writes the "Manchester Guardian" special correspondent at Diredawa. With one exception the plains are stony wastes, bad lands with no possibility of irrigation.

The exception is the southern valley of Shibeli River. This is low-lying but the river unlike most of these in the plains, flows throughout the year.

It is possible that an irrigation scheme might be worked out to cover part of Ogaden areas in Abyssinia and a rather larger tract over the Italian Somali border. All this land is within six degrees of Equator, under 1000 feet and so would be useless for settling Italians, though it might be feasible for development by the local inhabitants under European civilisation.

Land settlement of Europeans is the real justification for Italy's campaign. They are embarking on an enterprise not only without counting the cost but also without any serious attempts to have made a serious survey of the agricultural possibilities.

Japan's Bid For Power

SINGAPORE, (By Air Mail).

Great sensation has spread in the Singapore shipping circles at the alleged declaration of Mr. Ishihara, that Japan's chief aim, to-day, is the economic mastery of the Southern Pacific within the next few years and that she is determined to achieve this by means of ruthless competition with her European competitors. It is understood that considerable money has already been lost due to cut-throat rivalry between the parties concerned and that further competition would make the situation much more serious.

It has been already observed that Japan has of late been aiming at economic control of the East Indies—the vast and rich region of the eastern Pacific, where Great Britain, France and Holland have some of their most prosperous colonies.

Soviets Search For Strategic Resources

MOSCOW, (By Air Mail).

Stirred by apprehensions that entire Europe is preparing for war at top speed, the Soviet Government have started a new drive to survey the vast territory for new strategic resources. The commissariat for Heavy industries has accordingly sanctioned for geological survey a sum of £10 million which is the largest ever sanctioned for any single year's exploration.

At present, over 2000 parties are concentrating their efforts in Kazahstan and Eastern Siberia where rich deposits of gold, coal, iron, copper, lead and zinc were discovered last year. It is understood that the same urge to get the country in the best possible defensive position is also behind the Kremlin's move in the last ten days, to weed out the inefficient managers who are accused of deliberately slowing industrial production.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Amendment Of Indian Insurance Act

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—In the report of the meeting of the Indian Chamber of Commerce I find the support I gave to Mr. Desai's proposal to have the Indian Insurance Act amended and offered to show by facts and figures how little protection there was to an assured under the present form of Fire Policies. I had a bitter experience of the handicaps under this form and I am mentioning what transpired at the meeting not with a view to complain of the omission but to invite the attention of the public to the subject and invite their discussion. The Chairman at the meeting told me that a representation to the Government had already been made and that I could forward my suggestions and remarks which would strengthen their case. Wider publicity should have been given by the Indian Chamber if they were making a move to have the Indian Insurance Act amended and even now the public should be invited to bestir itself and offer suggestions and criticisms.—Youre etc.,

M. A. J. NOBLE.

Broach Bhangi Strike

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I was surprised to read in the issue of "Bombay Chronicle" of 27th instant a report of "A correspondent" from Broach, wherein it was stated that the Broach Municipal Sweepers' strike was engineered by the Gujerat Socialists.

For the information of the readers I would like to state that the sweepers of the Broach Municipality get only Rs. 10 to Rs. 11 p.m. as wages, which according to the present conditions of existence is very low. Even the sweepers of Bulsar Municipality,—a town of one-third the size of Broach—get Rs. 14 p.m. as wages. It will be recalled that the sweepers of Gujerat, everywhere, have been clamouring for higher wages, and shorter hours of work, casual and privilege leave and the municipal sweepers of Dohad, and Nadiad have been partially successful in getting some of their demands. Influenced by the general upsurge of the sweepers' movement, the Broach sweepers demanded an increment of Rs. 2 p.m. and on their demands being turned down, the only course left open to them was to strike, for self-defence.

This spontaneous strike came about on 9th and the Socialists, who believe in supporting the movement of the down trodden under-dogs, decided to help them in their brave fight. They went there at the instance of the sweepers and are trying their best to help the strikers.

It is most uncharitable on the part of "A Correspondent" to state that the fight was fomented by agitators. I may remind the correspondent that every fight the Congress took up, was dubbed by the Government as fomented by outside agitators. Even Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel was considered by the Government as an outsider in the Bardoli Satyagraha fight.

The fight of the Broach Municipal Sweepers is a genuine spontaneous one, and if anybody is responsible for it, it is the Broach Municipality, which by its intransigent attitude, has compelled the sweepers to resort to the last weapon, viz., the strike.

I hope even now wisdom will dawn upon the Broach Municipality and its Congressman president and it will meet the demands of the strikers, who are holding fast for the last 3 weeks.—Yours, etc.

HARILAL M. SHAH.
Desaiwada, Dohad.
April 28.

(Continued from Col. 2).

views of the Chamber. Though Pandit Jawaharlal held strong views on the question of industrialisation and private property, he had always given a patient hearing and full consideration to all arguments and opinions expressed on the subject. Even in framing the programme of the Indian National Congress, he said that Panditji gave due weight to all the views placed before him.

Mr. Nagindas suggested that as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru would be coming to Bombay for the session of the All-India Trade Union Congress, the Indian Merchants' Chamber should take the opportunity of inviting him and discussing with him these questions. Pandit Jawahralal had expressed his views in favour of industrialisation which, according to him, should be controlled by the State. The Indian Merchants' Chamber represented, among other things, Commerce and Industry and it would be well, if Pandit Jawaharlal was invited for an exchange of views and discussion thereon.

There would be many members in the Chamber who might not share the views of Mr. A. D. Shroff and it was good that he made it clear that the views expressed in his speech were his personal views.

Mr. Shroff in reply said that if one considered the problem dispassionately, one would come to the same conclusion as he had arrived at.

The report of the Chamber for the first quarter was then adopted.

BIRLA AS PEACE-MAKER

Arranging Interview Between Mahatma And New Viceroy

LAHORE, April, 29.

The New Delhi correspondent of the "Tribune," wires that Mr. Ghansyamdas Birla is acting as an intermediary for arranging an interview between Mahatma Gandhi and Lord Linlithgow in the near future.

Mr. Birla, says the correspondent, went to England recently solely in this connection, though ostensibly for buying plant for his Mills.

It is believed that Lord Zetland, who is a personal friend of Mr Birla, was responsible for the present suggestion.

Important correspondence is passing between Mr. Birla and London in this connection.—United Press.

BIRLA CONTRADICTS RUMOUR

CALCUTTA, April 29.

Interviewed by the "United Press" in connection with the report which appeared in the "Tribune" of Lahore from its New Delhi correspondent about Mr. G. D Birla, acting as an intermediary for arranging an interview between Mahatma Gandhi and Lord Linlithgow in the near future, Mr. Birla who is now in Calcutta remarked:—

"This is all nonsense. I am sorry that the journalists in India should be concocting such baseless stories."—United Press.

FRONTIER KIDNAPPING CASE

Girl Confesses To Voluntary Conversion

PESHAWAR, April 29.

With reference to the Bannu kidnapping case which was the subject of a recent communique the girl who was alleged to have been kidnapped to-day stated before the District Magistrate, Bannu in the presence of respectable persons that she was adopted Muslim Faith two months ago and that she did not wish to go back to her mother. The District Magistrate accordingly entrusted her for the time being to the guardianship of Ghulama Haider Khan Bahadur, an elderly Muslim member of the Frontier Legislative Council. It is understood that the girl attains majority in October.

The criminal case on a charge of alleged kidnapping is proceeding.—A. P.

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to end these troubles.

This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you. If your chemist is out, write Muller MacLean, Bombay.

THE TERRORS OF NIGHT ASTHMA ENDED IN 10 MINUTES

HAY FEVER . BRONCHIAL ASTHMA
BRONCHITIS . CHRONIC COUGHS

Of the many terrors that beset the Asthma sufferer none is more distressing than the interference with Sleep. To the physical agonies of Night Asthma are added the mental agonies occasioned through repeated loss of sleep. The terrors of Night Asthma can be ended—definitely ENDED in 10 MINUTES. Where all other treatments have failed, "Ephazone" has succeeded. "Ephazone" means the end of Night Asthma. In 10 MINUTES "Ephazone" ends gasping for air, chest tightness, violent coughing, gives Sleep to the wracked body and tortured mind and paves the way to a PERMANENT CURE.

Relief in Five Minutes for Chronic Sufferer.

"I am a chronic sufferer from Asthma and to my surprise and great comfort, relief came after five minutes. I am 68 years of age."—E. A. W.

NOTE.—Ephazone is acknowledged by the highest Medical Authority. Approved by the National Health Insurance (Gt. Britain) Scheme for Panel-patients: used in 800 leading Hospitals and by 12 000 Doctors.

EPHAZONE ENDS ASTHMA IN 10 MINUTES

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Containing further convincing proof of the amazing efficacy of "Ephazone" in all cases of Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis and other Lung and Chest disorders. Write NOW to P.O. Box 158, Bombay.

Insist on "EPHAZONE." Each carton is sealed with Red Seal bearing Trade Mark as illustrated above "Ephazone" is sold at Rs. 2, Rs. 5 and Rs. 10. For trial size send As. 8 in stamps to K. L. MARKER, Standard Building, Hornby Road, P. O. Box 258, Bombay.

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Why let the heat get you down when Genasprin gives such wonderful help? Two tablets of Genasprin taken in water and the listless, nervy feeling is gone. You forget you ever had a headache. You are soothed and refreshed. And not only is the action of Genasprin amazingly quick—it is *safe*. Genasprin is so pure it neither disturbs the digestion nor affects the heart.

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THE SAFE BRAND OF ASPIRIN

MADE BY GENATOSAN LTD., LOUGHBOROUGH, ENGLAND.

teeth that sparkle and charm

You, too, can have them—if you know this secret about removing film

Brushing with ordinary dentifrices can never give you the gleaming white teeth you envy. Only brushing with an effective film-removing dentifrice can do that. For film is the sticky, gummy coating that forms on teeth, obscures their natural beauty. Even worse, it glues to teeth the germs and acids associated with tooth decay. You must remove that film.

That's why we urge you to use Pepsodent, the special film-removing tooth paste. For Pepsodent contains a cleansing and polishing substance that is unexcelled in removing film from teeth. Yet it contains no grit—nothing to injure tooth enamel.

So if you want whiter, brighter teeth remove film the *safe, effective* way—with Pepsodent Tooth Paste.

PEPSODENT

NOW IN NEW 10% LARGER TUBE

LUX COLD WATER WASHING

Safe—and only takes 5 minutes

1 Use three tablespoonfuls of Lux to one gallon of cold water. Lux dissolves instantly in cold water; no need now to wait for hot!

2 Squeeze the garments gently through the rich Lux lather, which is so pure it won't harm even your most delicate garments.

3 Rinse the garments in clean water and dry them—that's all you have to do. Cold water washing with Lux is so quick and easy.

4 How beautifully your dainty clothes are washed with Lux! Dainty silks like new, colours fresh and bright.

Lux contains no harmful chemicals, so it can't possibly harm the most delicate fabrics. You can wash your dainty garments as often as you like with Lux. That's why more and more washing of dainty garments is done at home. Lux keeps the hands smooth and velvety. Try a packet to-day.

FREE—*an attractive 20-page booklet giving detailed washing instructions for all types of delicate garments and fabrics.*

Send a post card to:—

Lux Department,
Lever Brothers (India) Limited,
P.O. Box 409,
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LUX X 492-172 LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

Itch Cause Killed in 7 Minutes

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams or pores where tiny germs or parasites can hide and cause your skin to itch, Crack, Peel, Burn, also Eczema, Ringworm, Pimples, Acne, Crotch-Itch, and Foot Itch. Don't waste time with ordinary methods. You must have a penetrating treatment like the new discovery for stubborn skin troubles called Dr. Nixon's Nixoderm. It goes right in, kills the cause, and stops itch in 7 minutes. In 24 hours, you can see your skin getting clear, soft, and smooth. Nixoderm is guaranteed to heal your skin in 10 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for guaranteed Nixoderm today.

MULLER, MACLEAN, Bombay.

TRUE HAPPINESS only comes from FINANCIAL SECURITY

FROM EVEN A MEAGRE START THE RICHEST ESTATE MAY GROW.

No start is too small for a Savings Bank Account; add to it faithfully a modest amount every month and notice as the years pass, how it multiplies itself in surprising fashion. You'll soon learn to enjoy in contentment its consistent increase-the secret of true happiness.

Enquire at this Bank for the unique facilities offered.

THE TRAVANCORE NATIONAL BANK LTD

25-27, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT-BOMBAY.

INTUITION

SHE MAY BUY A CAR TO SUIT HER HAT

DRIVE IT TO SUIT HER CONVENIENCE

BUT SHE WILL ALWAYS

DEMAND GARGOYLE

Mobiloil

Helping Mothers And Babies To Keep Clear Of Disease

PRAISEWORTHY ACTIVITIES OF BABY AND HEALTH WEEK ASSN.

Lady Jehangir Appeals To Lady Brabourne To Influence Govt. Restore Body's Full Grant

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Annual General Body meeting of the Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association and it's Bombay Branch was held this forenoon at the Civil Secretariat, Bombay, when Lady Brabourne presided.

Lady Cowasji Jehangir, in moving for the adoption of the annual reports and the audited statement of accounts of the Association and its Bombay Branch, expressed sorrow at the reduction of the Government grant for the Association from Rs. 5,000 per year to Rs. 5,000 although it was expected that the original grant would be increased in view of the gradual expansion of the Association's activities.

The Association approached the Red Cross Society (Bombay Branch) for the remaining Rs. 3,000 but were told that it would not be possible for them to make any grant this year.

Fresh Appeal To Govt.

The Executive after careful consideration of the situation have decided to make a fresh appeal to the Government to restore the special grant of Rs. 3,000 for rural health work. "If we do not receive this much help the only way to balance the budget will be to curtail some of the staff and the cinema programme. The Executive Committee could not recommend such a step as it was bound to dislocate our propaganda work to a very great extent. May I request our President, Lady Brabourne, to put in a word on our behalf?"

Dr. H. V. Tilak, in seconding the motion, referred to the programme of research on cheap balanced diets undertaken by the Association and said that at least 60 children were put on what was termed ideal diet in order to see the maximum improvement possible in the growth and health of children. This diet costs about Rs. 11 per month while the cheap balance diet recommended by the Association costs only Rs. 5/-.

Encouraging Result.

The growth record of two similar groups of children put on these diets for at least a year would show as how far the cheap diet approximates the ideal one in its nutritive value. Such an experiment was done by Dr. Wilson and the growth of rats fed on cheap diet was found very encouraging.

Doctor Mhaskar also spoke.

The proposition was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

The budget estimates for the next year were considered and adopted.

The general body elected the following office-bearers for the next year:—

Lady Brabourne—President both for the Association and its Bombay Branch.

Lady C. Jehangir—Chairman both for the Association and its Bombay Branch.

Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper—Treasurer for both.

Dr. H. V. Tilak and Dr. K. S. Mhasker, Secretaries for the Association.

Dr. Socrates Noronha and Dr. Tilak, Secretaries for the Bombay Branch.

The Divisional Secretaries were also elected.

Lady Brabourne then distributed certificates to the successful candidates in examinations on First Aid, Hygiene and Home Nursing.

Lady Brabourne's Tribute.

Lady Brabourne in the course of her remarks said:—

You have heard the reports of the Presidency Association and of the Bombay Branch for 1935 which make clear the solid work done in the past year. That this work has been carried on in spite of diminishing funds you will have noted already, and the questions of funds will have to engage the Committee's earnest attention.

We are very grateful to the Trustees of the Sir Dorab Tata Trust for their grant of Rs. 300 a month for 3 years, and to the Governing Body of the Indian Research Fund Association of Simla for a grant of Rs. 6.000 a year for three years. These grants will make it possible to carry on research into the nutritive value of food.

The report mentions the great loss which the Association has suffered by the death of Mr. G. K. Deodhar.

In conclusion I should like to thank Dr. Noronha and Mr. Mhaskar, Honorary Secretaries of the Provincial Association and Bombay branch respectively and Dr. Tilak who is Honorary Secretary for both, for the work which they have done throughout the year, and also Dr. S. W. Patel, and his Health Volunteers for the assistance to the Bombay Branch. Mr. T. W. Johnstone has helped on the objects of the Association by interesting himself in exhibitions in the mill areas where so much of the Bombay work is done, and Mr. A. C. Patel who has been very useful with cinema demonstrations. I am very grateful too to the Chairman, Lady Jehangir, and to the Committee for the time and labour they have given ungrudgingly throughout the year."

With a vote of thanks to Lady Brabourne the meeting terminated.

INDIAN COMPANIES ACT AMENDMENT BILL

(Continued from page 6).

of material contracts have not been given effect to. In my opinion it is highly essential to provide for disclosure of the principal terms of contract referred to in the Prospectus. It is true that the intending subscriber is given an opportunity to inspect the contracts. In practice, however, this is a most unsatisfactory safeguard. As so pertinently remarked by the "Economist" in its issue of 31st March 1936 "a litigiously minded solicitor or even a suspicious city editor may occasionally expend the time and trouble necessary to make the suggested inspection, but not one ordinary investor in ten thousand ever does so. Indeed, with the best will in the world, it would rarely be possible for him to do so, since a bare two days commonly covers the period from the first publication of a prospectus to the closing of the subscription list. It is worth serious consideration whether the law should not lay down a minimum interval of, say a week between the publication of the prospectus and the opening of the subscription list."

The Bill also does not contain any provision for disclosure of contracts which have not been already executed as well as those on the strength of which a company approaches the public for share-capital.

Restrictions On Transfer Of Shares

Under the existing law it is not obligatory for a company to disclose in its Prospectus the nature and extent of restrictions imposed by its articles upon its members in respect of their right to attend, speak or vote at meetings or upon the Directors in respect of their powers of management. Government have done well in remedying this defect by providing for compulsory disclosure of these matters (see clause 38 (a) (VI)). One, however, fails to understand why similar disclosure has not been made compulsory in respect of restrictions on the transfer or sale of their shares by members. There are several cases to show that unreasonable restrictions are laid down by the articles in regard to transfer or sale of shares and it is only fair that the intending subscribers should be clearly apprised of these restrictions before they apply for shares. It may be observed in this connection that by the Companies Act of the Union of South Africa "the nature and extent of any restrictions imposed on the transfer of Shares" are required to be stated in the Prospectus (see sec. 77 (1) (Q)).

Additional Capital

The existing law has been found to be inadequate with regard to Prospectuses which are issued for raising additional capital by companies already carrying on business. An attempt has been made in the new Bill to remedy this defect by requiring (vide clause 38(b) that the Prospectus should set out a report by the auditors with respect to (a) the profits of each of the three preceding years of the company or of any business which is to be acquired and (b) the dividends paid on each class of shares for each of the three preceding years. In my opinion these provisions will prove ineffective in that they fail to place before the intending subscribers the true financial condition of the company issuing the Prospectus and of the business to be acquired. The clause, therefore, should be strengthened by providing that the reports referred to should be drawn in such a way as to disclose in addition to profits and dividends, the true financial condition of the company and of the business to which they relate.

"Sale Prospectuses"

The new Bill also brings within the scope of the law applicable to prospectuses what have been colloquially known as "Sale Prospectuses" (vide clause 40). The clause has been modelled on the lines of sec. 38 of the English Act by which a document containing an offer of shares is to be deemed a prospectus. No longer will it now be possible for a company to evade the requirements of the law as to Prospectuses by selling to some third party a block of its shares or securities with the intention that such third party shall immediately offer the same to the public for "sale". In future where a company agrees to allot any shares or securities, with a view to all or any of them being offered for sale to the public, substantially the same information will have to be given as is required in the case of a Prospectus issued by the company itself. According to the clause in question a company will, unless the contrary be proved, be presumed, to have agreed to make an allotment with a view to a public sale (1) if an offer to the public is in fact made within six months, or (2) if at the date of the offer for sale the shares or securities have not been paid for in full by the original purchaser. These provisions will presumably render "Sale Prospectuses" largely obsolete although it must be observed that in India they are not so frequent as they are in England. In the case of offers for sale it will also be necessary to state the net price receivable by the company for the shares or securities which are being offered for sale and the contract under which they were purchased will have to be offered for inspection.

There are a couple of errors in the new Clause which I should like to point out. The words "or debentures" have been inadvertently omitted after the word "shares" where it occurs for the second time and the figure "97" in line 1 of the new Section 98A (3) seems to be a misprint for the figure "92".

(To be continued.)

GAMING HOUSE IN GOVERNMENT OFFICE

CALCUTTA, April 26.

Phani Bhusan Kumar, an employee in the office of the Deputy Accountant General, Post and Telegraph, at 7, Koilaghata Street, was fined Rs. 400 or one month's rigorous imprisonment by Mr. H.K. De, Fourth Presidency Magistrate on Saturday for having kept a common gaming house in the Government office and allowed persons to gamble on Bombay races on March 28.

Out of the fine, if realised, Rs. 125 was ordered to be paid to Inspector R. N. Gupta, the investigating officer, and Rs. 75 to Court-Inspector J. N. Roy as rewards.—"A. B. Patrika".

EXAM. FOR SELECTING CADETS

HYDERABAD (Deccan), (By Mail).

The results of the Competitive examination held recently, for the first time in its history, for selecting Cadets for the Nizam's Regular Forces, were declared on Tuesday, according to which, out of thirty candidates who appeared, four have been declared successful.

The names of the successful cadidates are: Mohamed Amriuddin Khan; G. A. Khurishy; Safdar Ali Mirza; and Mir Kasim Ali. —A.P.

Bandra Gymkhana's Progress

(From Our Correspondent.)

BANDRA, Monday.

The first annual general meeting of the members will be held on the 10th of May when the first report of the Gymkhana will be placed before them.

The report covers a period of two years delineating the history of the Gymkhana from its inception.

Four tennis courts were opened in November 1934 and the first Suburban Lawn Tennis Tournament at which star players participated was held early next year. Moreover the institution of the "Bandra Plate" to be competed for by "Rabbits" was an innovation entirely new to India.

The accounts are made up to 30th September 1935 and show that, without depreciation, the Gymkhana has been able to make both ends meet.

ACTING DIRECTOR OF INFORMATION

Mr. A. H. Jacobs, who has been in the Districts and was recently the Census Commissioner, has taken charge of his office as the Director of Information with the Government of Bombay in place of Mr. J. F. Gennings, who has proceeded on six months leave.

A young and beautiful girl of a respectable family was throttled to death last night at Bholachak when she was along in the house, says a Sheikhupura message.

Cod Liver Oil for STRENGTH— and SCOTT'S Emulsion is 3 times more effective

THE latest research confirms what has long been known—that no tonic food possesses more valuable properties, especially for rebuilding a system weakened by illness, than cod liver oil. Rich in the essential Vitamins A and D, it is a natural strengthener.

But, in its plain form, it is quite unsuitable for a delicate digestion or one weakened by illness: many people cannot take it. Hence the special value of SCOTT'S Emulsion, which is made both palatable and easily digestible by a unique process preserving the full vitamin potency of the oil. SCOTT'S Emulsion contains, in addition, the valuable hypophosphites of lime and soda; it has been proved to be actually *three times more effective than plain cod liver oil.*

Helps you resist Infection

The action of SCOTT'S Emulsion in building up strength and vitality does not end with the restoration of normal health. Its usefulness extends further, because it has the definite effect of increasing the body's resistance to fresh infection. It is thus an ideal tonic to take whenever you are in the least run-down, or when illness is prevalent. For its all-round value in enriching the blood and strengthening the nerves and the system generally, SCOTT'S Emulsion has been prescribed by doctors for more than sixty years.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

- is 3 times more effective than plain cod liver oil
- builds sturdy flesh and bone
- strengthens the nerves
- enriches the blood
- helps you fight infection

SCOTT'S Emulsion

of Pure Cod Liver Oil

Wholesale Distributors: Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd. Calcutta . Bombay . Madras . Lahore Rangoon . Colombo . Cawnpore . Patna . Ahmedabad . Cochin . Calicut . Vizagapatam . Karachi . Amritsar

PROOF!

This tyre looks new but it has done 16,000 miles

Look at the sharp, clear print of this tyre—and it looks quite new. Yet it has done 16,000 miles over indifferent roads—16,000 trouble-free miles. And it will do a lot more—another 16,000 at least. Here is the PROOF that every motorist has the right to demand—proof that Goodyear G-3s do give extra mileage and extra safety—proof that in buying G-3 tyres he gets more for his money. Read this customer's letter—he is but one of the many thousands of satisfied users.

Read this letter about this tyre

MADRAS, 19th March 1936.

To
The Goodyear Tyre & Rubber Co. (India), Ltd.,
MADRAS.

Sirs,

About 18 months ago, I purchased through Messrs. Simpson & Co., Ltd., Madras, a set of your G-3 Airwheel tyres and had the same fitted on to my Austin 7 Car. To-day the same tyres are on my Car showing about 35 per cent. wear after having run about 16,000 miles.

Apart from the riding comfort of your Airwheel tyres, I think this is a good performance and I am thoroughly satisfied with your product.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) V. N. S. R.

For more Safety mileage-fit

GOODYEAR

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS DOWN

Scattered May Liquidation And Foreign Selling

GOLD AND SILVER DULL

Wheat Quiet And Inactive But Rubber Easy

BOMBAY, April 29.

On Wednesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton ruled easy on favourable weather report. There was scattered May liquidation and foreign selling.

BULLION DULL

London gold and silver ruled dull.

WHEAT QUIET

Wheat was quiet and inactive. Other commodities were uninteresting. Rubber was easy.

SELLING PRESSURE IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange was generaliy quiet and narrow due to the absence of speculative interest. Giltedged securities came under some pressure.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1936

New York, April 29.

Previous closing	11.09
To-day's opening	11.09
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	11.04
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1936

Liverpool, April 29.

Previous closing	5.96
To-day's opening	5.97
Difference	+.01
To-day's closing	5.96
Difference	Nil

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs.	199-4
July August	Rs.	200-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 29.

Cotton was rather quiet in the absence of any important buying with traders generally holding off pending foreign political developments. Meanwhile weather conditions continued to be somewhat disturbed but the rainfall in the east has been favourable to the crop. Weekly weather report indicates general improvement except for the backwardness of the crop due to temperatures being very much under normal.

Trading in July commenced at 11.09 i.e. unchanged from previous closing The market was quiet owing to the lack of enquiry but later the trend turned lower on scattered May liquidation and foreign selling under the pressure of which July gradually eased to 11.05.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.04 with a decline of 5 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 29.

The following were the opening ranges:—

May	(11.50/11.49) 11.48/11.48
July	(11.13/11.11) 11.09/11.08
October	(10.35/10.23) 10.21/10.20

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 29.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May	(6.16) 6.16
American July	(5.97) 5.98
Egyptian May	(8.70) 8.70
Egyptian July	(8.55) 8.54

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 29.

Broach cotton for July-August delivery moved between Rs. 200-4 and Rs. 201-4 at night. The rate at 10-45 p.m. was Rs. 200-8 with New York futures about 3 points down.

4 PERSONS ARRESTED

Sequel To Theft In Mahim Agiari

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

As a sequel to the sensational burglary on the night of March 23 last in the Sonawala Agiary (Fire-temple) at Lady Jamshedjee Road, the Bombay C.I.D. have arrested four persons.

The burglars decamped with currency notes, cash, and sovereigns valued at Rs. 1,083.

The locality was agog with excitement for several days after this, as the fire-temple is situated near the main road which is used by cars and lorries during all hours of the day and night.

The arrested persons are: Ranchod Jawar, Raychand Nathoo, Ratansha Edulji, and Jalejer Jamshedji. The latter two persons were arrested yesterday at Andheri.

Sub-Inspector Kouje of the C. I. D. in applying for their remand into custody, stated that certain finger-print were detected on a close examination of the scene of the offence. He alleged that these tallied with those of the first two suspects.

Raychand Nathoo and Jalejer Jamshedji made allegations of harassment against the police.

Jamshedji said that he was doing busines at Andheri and had no knowledge of the offence. If he was kept in police custody, he told the Magistrate, he would not take food, and something serious might happen.

The Magistrate (Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla) however told him that the police had to make enquiries and until then he would have to be in custody.

He then remanded them in custody.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 29.

Previous closing	4.93 13/16
To-day's opening	4.93 7/8
To-day's closing	4.94

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 29.

Previous closing	4.93 13/16
To-day's opening	4.93 7/8
To-day's closing	4.93 15/16
Difference	+.00 1/8

FRANC RATE

London, April 29.

Previous closing	74.98
To-day's opening	74.98
To-day's closing	74.98
Difference	Nil.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 29.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.93 7/8 and then eased to 4.93 13/16 with a steadier tendency.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.93 15/16.

Franc opened at 74.98 and then remained practically steady with small variations.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.98.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 29.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	20 1/4d	20 3/16d
Forward	20 1/4d	20 3/16d

The market was quietly steady.

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 29.

Gold per ounce (£7-0-10 1/2) £7-0-9 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, April 29.

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, April 29. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1-8
Paris on Bombay	(5.66) 5.66
New York on Bombay	(37.30) 37.31
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92 7/8) 0.92 7/8
London on Milan	(62.68) 62.75
London on Shanghai	(1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe	(1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 29.

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 50/4, 50/4 and 50/5. Trading was quiet and featureless with very little doing owing to the lack of good outside cables while quieter London cables caused a slight recession. Prices closed steady at Rs. 50/4, 50/4 and 50/5.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/13/9, 34/13/9 and 34/13/9. There was very little doing owing to the absence of any important buying with prices latterly showing slight easiness. Prices closed steady at Rs. 34/13/6, 34/13/6 and 34/13/6.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 29.

Liverpool wheat opened firm with May at 72 7/8 and July 74 1/8. The market was quiet and inactive with operators holding off pending outside developments.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 29.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with May at 0.98 3/8. Prices showed an easier tendency on scattered outside selling and commission house selling influenced by favourable weather conditions.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 29.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£207 buyers £207 1/4 sellers. Steady) £207 3/4 buyers £208 sellers. Steady.

Lead (£16 1/4 buyers £16 5/16 sellers Steady) £16 3/16 buyers. No sellers. Steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£41 1/2 to £42) £41 3/8 to £41 5/8

Glsgow Iron (£79) £79

RUBBER

Spot (7 9/16 paid and buyers) 7 7/16 paid and buyers.

Forward (7 3/4 paid and buyers) 7 11/16 paid and sellers.

SILVER CABLES

London, April 29.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

(1) "India bought. China sold. Market quietly steady."

"India bought. Little general selling Market quietly steady."

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0) 1-0

Indian Pekoe higher (1-1 1/2) 1-1 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 1-0

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4) 2-2 3/4

JUTE

New Crop April May (£19 1/4 sellers) £19 1/8 sellers.

Dunlop May (£22 3/4 sellers) £22 3/4 sellers

Lightning May (£21 sellers) £21 sellers.

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay April-May (£12 9/16 sellers) £12 9/16 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta April May (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata April (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal April (£13 5/8 sellers) 13 11/16 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association)

Bombay, April 29.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7	4	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	4	0
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7	4	3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	4	6

Sept. 1936 Delivery.

Rates at 9-0 p.m.	7	8	0
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	8	0
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7	8	6
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	8	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 29.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat	4	7	3
Wheat September	4	7	6
Linseed May	7	4	3
Linseed September	7	8	6

The tone was quiet.

NO BAIL TO PHADKE

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, April 29.

Both of the two bail applications referred by Mr. N. V. Gadgil on behalf of Mr. K. N. Phadke were rejected first by the City Magistrate and the second later by the District Court to-day. The case against Mr. Phadke comes for hearing before the City Magistrate to-morrow morning.

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, April 29, tenders to the amount of £275,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d were received and accepted in full. Lower tenders were rejected.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 6th May 1936 on the same conditions as previously announced.

Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended 24th April 1936 was £570,000.—A.P.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 28-4-36	6692000	4181000
Receipts Yesterday 28-4-36	4000	4000
Exports to date 28-4-36	5253000	4016000
Stock at Ports 24-4-36	1868000	2038000
Stock at Interior Towns 24-4-36	1812000	1421000
Stock at Liverpool 24-4-36	718000	768000
Visible Supply 24-4-36	5062000	4887000
Quantity in sight 24-4-36	11543000	7496000
Quantity out of sight 24-4-36	9587000	7927000

Most Sections Easier On Stock Exchange

RRESH INTENSIFICATION OF EUROPEAN WAR CLOUDS

Sharp Break Of Swiss Franc

CONTINUED UNSETTLEMENT OF WALL STREET

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 29.

STOCK EXCHANGE:—Fresh intensification of European storm clouds with continued unsettlement of Wall Street caused wariness among operators. Most sections were easier although rubbers recovered in sympathy with commodity shares which regained yesterday's loss on maturer consideration of the quota revision.

A feature of exchanges was a sharp break of Swiss franc though possibly due to nervousness aroused by Austrian troop movements.

Wall Street was easy losing fractions to fractions to three points.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 29.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 3/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Monday, April 20	£98
Tuesday April 21	£98
Wednesday April 22	£97 7/8
Thursday April 23	£97 3/4
Friday April 24,	£97 3/4
Monday, April 27,	£97 3/4
Tuesday, April 28,	£97 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 29.

Market generally were quiet and price movements rather irregular. Giltedged securities were easy. Home industrials in general were dull. Oil shares fluctuated narrowly. Kaffirs were rather undecided.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/2) £85 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 5/8) £107 3/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 5/8) £111 1/2

4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 5/8) £117 1/2

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 Ex. Dividend) £105 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/2) £115 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (21-0) 21-0.

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£5 1/8) £5 1/8

Hydro Electric (£6 3/4) £6 3/4

Musical Industries (25-7 1/2) 25-1 1/2

Princhin Johnson (46-0) 45-6

Imperial Chemical (39-7 1/2) 39-7 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (127-7 1/2) 127-7 1/2

Realisation 1960 (£88 3/4) £88 1/4

Dunlop Rubber (36-9) 36-4 1/2

University Ordinary (32-0) 32-0

Ford Motors (33-0) 32-7 1/2

Cable Wires (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

British American Tobacco (124-4 1/2) 123-9

Camera A (£9 1/4) £9 1/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (157-6) 157-6

P and O S N Company Defd (20-4 1/2) 20-4 1/2

Distillers (101-3) 101-3

Bred and Dyers (8-0) 8-0

British Celanese (12-0) 11-6

J and P Coates Ordinary (64-6) 64-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (49-0) 48-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (6-6) 6-3

Western Limited Ordinary (24-9) 24-9

Inter Nickels (£46 1/2) £48

Bengal Iron and Steel (6-10 1/2) 6-10 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 29. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 3/4) £101 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98) £98

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£120 1/2) £120 1/2

4 per cent. Indian 1946/53 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943/47 (£112 1/4) £112 3/8

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-52 (£106 3/4) £107

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-0) 21-0

Donaro Tea (45-0) 44-4 1/2

Empire of India Ceylon (29-10 1/2) 29-10 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-7 1/2) 28-7 1/2

Gula Kelampong (27-6) 27-6

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (33-0) 32-6

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9 1/4) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (58-9) 58-9

Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Rio Tintos (£14 1/4) £14

East Rand Proprietors (66-3) 66-3

Rand Iman (£8 3/4) £8 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 1/2) £14 1/2

Goddar New (£10 5/8) £10 5/8

Moddar New (53-1 1/2) 53-1 1/2

Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (44-4 1/2) 44-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£9) £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (45-0) 45-0

Anglo Iranian (93-9) 93-9

Burma Oil (96-10 1/2) 96-3

Mexican Eagle (20-0) 20-3

Shell Transport (94-4 1/2) 95-1 1/2

Royal Dutch (£34 3/8 £33 1/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£48 3/4) £48 1/2

L M Ford (£25) £24 1/4

L N E R Defd (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

Southern Dutch (£25) £24 1/8

London Paris 5 per cent (£136 1/2 £136 1/2

London Board G Stock (£104 3/4) £104 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 29.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motors (dol 63 1/2) dol 63 1/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33 3/4) dol 33 1/2

U S Steel Common (dol 60 3/4) dol 59 3/4

U S Steel Preference (dol 121 1/2) dol 124

JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Teas Dull But Securities Steady

CALCUTTA, April 29.

Jutes ruled practically unchanged and there was only limited turnover. In coals Bengal-Nagpur came into operation round 25-12 while Bansdeopur kept fairly steady at 7-12. Others were more or less unchanged. Teas were dull due to lack of support. In miscellaneous Midnapore Zemindary kept fairly steady at 69 while Bararee Coke further marked upto 15. Burn and Company ordy. found buyers round 254-8. Cawnpore Sugars dealt at 34-4. Buland Sugars 14-6 and South Behar at 18-8. Government Securities continued steady Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three per cent. Paper 90-5 small lots; three and half per cent. Paper 98-2; four per cent Loan 1960-70 113-12 small lot; four per cent. Loan 1943 110-10; five per cent. U. P. Bonds 1944 114; five per cent. Loan 1939-44 108-12; five per cent. Loan 1940-43 111-8; five and half per cent. Loan 1938-40 108-4-6.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1,528; Imperial conty. 378-8; Reserve Bank 127-8.

Railways:—Bankura Damodar River 95-8; Darjeeling Himalayan pref. 105-8; Hoshiarpur Doab Branch 93-8 small odd lot; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Rebate 98; Shadara (Delhi) Saharanpur 134

Coals:—Bansdeopur 7-12; Bengal Nagpur 26.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 383-8; Bally 175 small lot; Barnagore 128 small lot; Barnagore pref. 64; Gourspore 572 small lot; Howrah 50-3; Kamarhatty 471; Kamarhatty pref. 135-8.

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Telephone ordy. 20-2; Dacca Electric 20; Jubbulpore Electric 13; U. P. Electric 182 small lot; Burn and Company ordy. 254-8; Burn and Company six per cent. pref. 118 small odd lot; Burn and Company seven per cent. pref. 137 small odd lot; Indian Iron and Steel 8-6; Bararee Coke 15; British India Corporation ordy. 3-9; British India Corporation pref. 145; Midnapore Zemindary 70.

Sugars:—Buland 14-7; Carew and Company 21-4 small lots; Cawnpore ordy. 34-4; Champaran 23-2; New Savan 13-10.

Debentures:—Eight per cent. 1924-44 Batali Tea 101; seven per cent. 1922-52 Nuddea Jute 113-8. —A. P.

EFFERSAL

EFFERVESCENT FRUIT SALINE

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ALL DIGESTIVE AILMENTS

Purifies the blood,
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Bombay Agents:—Orient Drug Agency, Princess Street.

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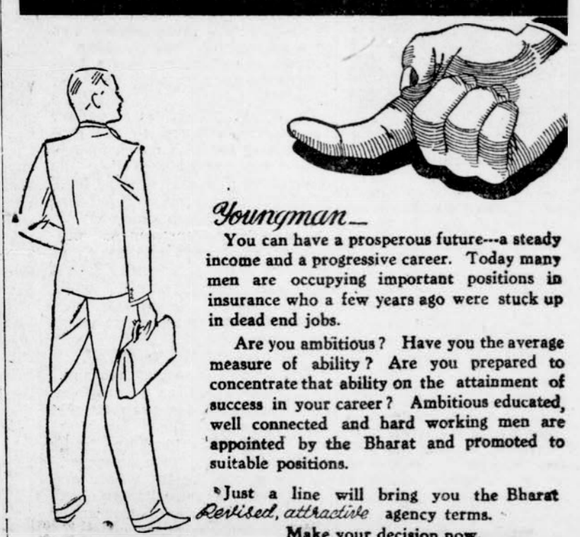

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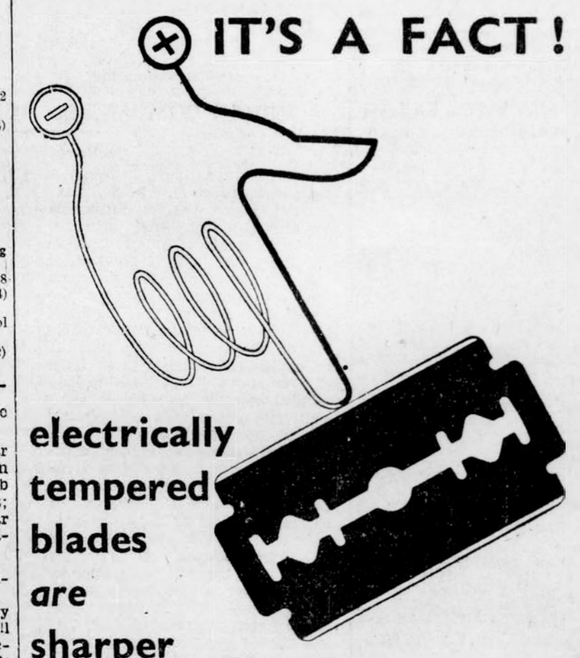

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The amazing thing about Gillette's new electrical tempering process is that although the steel at the sides is extra hard, the special process softens the centre without affecting in any way those harder edges. Actually, two different temperings in one blade.

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12 ANNAS FOR 5

BLUE GILLETTES

ELECTRICALLY TEMPERED BLADES

New York Cotton Continues Easy

Drought Has Been Partially Broken

PLANTING IS LATER THAN LAST SEASON

Wall Street Still Bearish

BOMBAY, April 29.

On Tuesday, New York cotton continued to give further way under liquidating pressure influenced by rains in the Western Belt which ultimately induced fresh May liquidation together with some foreign selling the prevailing uneasiness received further support from the bearish Wall Street attitude. New York cotton is reported to have received no confirmation of foreign rumours of a possible reduction in the sales basis for loan cotton. A general belief that the rains in the Western Belt have been very beneficial to the crops is gaining grounds.

The Chicago market was somewhat bright after official reports indicating that the rainfall was not enough to materially relieve drought conditions.

NEW YORK COTTON.

Much against general expectation, trading in the American cotton futures started at the previous level July being quoted at 11.13 (unchanged). this was also the highest for the day. Soon after market gave way further on selling pressure influenced by discouraging Liverpool advices and at the time of Liverpool close July was quoted at 11.08—5.

During the earlier stage market was again confronted with foreign selling and same May liquidation by pool. However, later, market showed some resistance but without any support even of a small nature prices declined further during noon time with July touching 11.05—8 being the lowest for the day. Thereafter price-movements were very small in absence of any important business.

Before the final hour market showed signs of improvement on same covering of a profit taking nature resulting a small advance in prices. Finally the session terminated with July standing at 11.49—3. The spot closed at 11.69—8.

NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans future market also ruled easy May and July finally finishing at 11.39—4 and 11.02—3. The spot closed at 11.42—3.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

As expected the Liverpool cotton opened with a drop of two points with July standing at 6.002. The opening level was also the highest for the day. Soon after a bearish tendency prevailed and prices began to decline mostly on Bombay hedge selling and local liquidating operation in near positions though the weather reports were favourable yet they attracted to support whatsoever.

Later on, reports of a possible reduction of basis for sales of loan cotton created further bearish feeling in the market which was again faced with some continental selling bringing down July position to 5.97—7 being the lowest for the day. Thereafter market assumed a quiet tone and finally finished at 5.96—6. The spot closed at 6.52—6.

EAST INDIAN.

This market also ruled weak May and July respectively losing 6 points at the close.

EGYPTIAN.

In sympathy with other markets, this group also ruled bearish Sakel May and Upper July 9 to 6 points respectively.

ALAXANDRIA.

Due to general selling pressure the Alaxandrian cotton market showed a downward trend both Sakel and Upper losing 12 points for May and June at the close.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July Highest (10.00 A.M.)	11.13—
New York July Lowest (1-01 P.M.)	11.05—8
Liverpool July Highest	6.00—2
Liverpool July Lowest	5.95—7

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Political apprehension and partial rains in Texas and Oklahoma responsible for easier undertone. Favour buying new crops preferably in Liverpool.

Liverpool: Bombay and Continental selling. Offtake poor due to further rains in Texas and rumours that Washington contemplating quarter cent reduction in minimum release price for loan cotton.

New York: Delivery notices light. Basis easier and causing hedge sales against purchases of actual. Wall Street interests, usually identified with securities, are selling. Rains are beneficial. Planting is later than last season. Think market may sag further before meeting aggressive support.

New York: Drought has been relieved in Texas. Drought has been partially broken but more rain is needed in Oklahoma. Realising was well absorbed. Far East is reported to be buyer of October.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cable as under:—

Drought is reported broken but trade interest absorbed recent liquidation by longs. Large exports. Think consumption is likely to increase. New crop accumulations at a moderate decline are quite likely to result profitably unless sterling substantially declined.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:—

Liverpool: Between midnight and daylight, weather cooler; light to moderate rainfall Western Belt and Central Belt.

New York: Trade support nears; hedging distants. More rain West.

Cables received through Reuters:

Liverpool: Possible reduction of basis for sales of loan cotton had bearish influence. Continental seling and hedging offset trade calling.

New York: Market opened weak on lower Liverpool cables and declined further on rain in drought section. Prices later advanced partially on covering.

New York had no confirmation of foreign rumours of a possible reduction in the sales-basis for loan-cotton. There was a general belief that the rains in the Western Belt have been very beneficial to the crop and the market dropped 3 to 16 points.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, April 29

May	11.49—03
July	11.09—04
October	10.21—06
December	10.21—05
January	10.23—07
Middling Spot	11.69—08

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, April 29

May	11.39—04
July	10.02—03
October	10.17
Middling Spot	11.42—03

NEW YORK
New York, April 29

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
May	11.48
July	11.08
October	10.24
Noon Call—	
May	11.47
July	11.08
October	10.24

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, April 29

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	4,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	2,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, April 28

April	6.20—07
May	6.14—07
June	6.04—06
July	5.96—06
August	5.83—05
September	5.71—06
October	5.62—06
November	5.56—06
December	5.55—06
January	5.55—06
February	5.55—06
March	5.55—06
April	5.54—07
Middling Spot	6.52—06
	10-12 a.m. quotations
July	5.99
October	5.65

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, April 28

F G F Sakellaridis—	
May	8.66
July	8.51
October	8.43
November	8.30
January	8.22
March	8.17
F G F Spot	9.00

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, April 28

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.31
Fine (Good staple)	5.46
Superfine (Good staple)	5.61
Oomra—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.28
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.43
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.58
Bengal—	
Good	4.03
Fully Good	4.13
Fine	4.25
Scinde—	
Fully Good	4.34
Fine	4.46
Superfine	4.58

RUBBER
London, April 28

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb	
Sellers	3 7/16

BOMBAY COTTON

Tone Steady

Bombay, April 29

Continuance of weakness in Wall Street, increased selling pressure and the usual hedging disturbance were the chief factors which caused a further bearish sentiment in the New York cotton market yesterday. Market has been showing some resistance at a lower stage but in absence of any buying element, prices fail to show any rise. Operators are busy watching further news about the French elections.

In spite of spiritless foreign advices this morning, our local market opened with a firm tone with July Aug being quoted at Rs. 199/8 about three quarter of a rupee higher than the expectation. Soon after the rate touched Rs. 200/4. A better feeling was noticeable due to some strength in Japanese yen quotations. During the initial stage, sellers were absent and hence market received a friendly support in scattered purchases.

Against an expectation of unchange, the Liverpool cotton opened 1 point up and later rose by 3 points. This better opening activity in Liverpool gave impetus to the local sentiment. Prices further stiffened up a little. But towards close, it reacted on partial liquidation.

Rates at 5-30 p.m. were as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M.	199 8 0
Broach J/A.	200 8 0
Broach A/M. 1937	196 4 0
Oomra May	186 4 0
Oomra July	185 12 0
Bengal May	157 12 0
Bengal July	155 0 0
Bengal D/J.	143 8 0
Tejimandi	10 4 0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES.
Bombay, April 29.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	F	G	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	... 168	164	159	156	
Punjab	... 168	164	159	156	
Oomra No. 3	196	193	190	186	...
C. P. No. 1	209	206	203	199	...
C. P. No. 2	202	199	196	192	...
Broach No. 2	... 208	205	202	198	
Punjab-Ame.	... 220	217	214	210	
Surat	... 244	241	238	234	
Rajpipla	... 239	236	233	229	
Navsari	... 250	247	244	240	

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, April 29.

156	Toyomankwak Nagar 184
89	Toyomankwak Nagar 183 1/2
57	Toyomankwak Vambori 183
37	Toyomankwak Dondacha 183 1/2
127	Toyomankwak Jalna 184
51	Toyomankwak Jalna 183 1/2
51	Toyomankwak Lasur 184
291	Toyomankwak Nandurbar 184
115	Japan T and Co. Malegaon 3 off
73	Japan T and Co. Karanja 180 1/4
40	Japan T and Co. Akola 180 1/2
182	G G Kesha and Co. Malkapur 189
136	Bombay and Co. Khamgaon 6 on
50	Arjan Khimji Sailu 188 1/2

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, April 29

Bengal Superfine	164/165
Bengal Fine	162/163
Bengal F.G.	159/160
C. P. 1 Fine	201/202
C. P. 2 Fine	196/197
Arvi Fine	197/198
Ellichpur Fine	194/195
Berar Fine	190/192
Khamgaon Fine	191/193
Mulkapur Fine	186/189
Khandesh Fine	184/186
Jalna/Sailu Fine	181/184
Burwah Sanavad	191/193
Mathia	176/179
Broach Fine	204/211
Dhollera	203/205
Punjab/American	204/214
Sindh-American	204/214
Cambodia	261/264
Compta	229/234
Westerns	199/209
Miraj	209/214
Jagadia Ankleshwar	334/339
Surat	344/346
Navsari	251/254
Kampala	333/334
Busoga	332/333
Manza	304/309

BOMBAY COTTON QUOTATIONS
Bombay, April 29.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st Sept.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	2,429	276,539
Central India	1,111	247,290
Barsi and Nagar	1,467	149,078
Hyderabad-Gaorani	230	34,930
Berar	2,410	303,504
Central Provinces	129	85,347
Total Oomras	7,785	1,096,688
Dholera	898	119,298
N.-W. Porvinces	...	61,543
Rajputana	1,156	69,476
Sind-Punjab	1,274	428,199
Broach	3,605	326,360
Coompta and Dharwar	1,047	32,397
Westerns-Northerns	387	23,149
Cocoanada	3	45
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	100	10,147
Persian	...	8
American	...	23,457
Egyptian and African	169	156,177
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	462
Total	16,424	2,347,906

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 23rd Apr.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,662	373,957
Japan and China	9,122	912,069
Coast Ports	1,075	25,496
Up-country by Rail	...	140,746
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	57,632
Total	11,856	1,509,900

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET
London, April 28

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—	
C and F Calcutta per cwt	
March April	unchanged
C and F Bombay per cwt	
March April	unchanged
C and F Karachi per cwt	
March April	unchanged

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 28

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of the closing quotations of the New York Stock Echxange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light 5 pe rcent P A	43
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	31
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	64
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	75
Amr Water Works 6 per cent Pfd	102
Columbia Gas	17
United Corporation	6
Int Tel and Tel	13
American Tel and Tel	158 1/2
Western Union Telg	77 1/2
New York Central	33 1/4
Erie R R	12
Union Pacific R R	122
Northern Pacific Rly	27
Bethelehem Steel	50
United States Steel	60 1/4
Southern Pacific R R	30 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	34 1/4
General Motor	63 1/4
Sperry Corporation	17
Westinghouse Airbrake	36
Int Cement	45
St Oil of N J	58
Socony	13
Chase Bank	34 1/2
National City Bank	31 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	45 1/4
North Amr Com	25
Westvaco Chlorine	21
Sears Roebeck	64 1/2

Market steadier. Improvement probable.

Total business: 2 1/2 million

SILVER STEADY

Bombay, April 29

The silver section of the local market to-day ruled dull and uninteresting in absence of any stimulating foreign advices. Indian buying was again countered by China. Later the London market was reported to be dull with small Indian buying. Locally, the market maintained a steady level.

The silver prices in London yesterday were quoted at a decline of 1/8d. for both Spot and Forward positions. New York Spot was quoted at 44 3/4 cents (unchanged) the Montreal futures for May closed at unchanged rates while July dropped by 30 points. The Shanghai rate closed at 1-2 1/2

Trading in the local market for Vaishak commenced at Rs. 50/2/6 about half an anna than expectation. During the initial stage the rate improved by an anna on scattered buying transactions. Business looks to be very much restricted and prices move within a small range.

Later market gathered some strength on covering operations. However, the turnover was small. At 5-30 p.m. the market stood as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	50 6 0
Vaishak	50 5 0
Jyestha	50 7 0
Tejimandi Vaishak	0 8 0
Tejimandi Jyestha	1 4 0

GOLD FEATURELESS

The local gold market continues to rule dull and uninteresting. Price movements are almost at a standstill. London gold was quoted at £7-0-10 1/2 without showing any departure from the previous level.

Trading for Vaishak started around Rs. 34-13-7 1/2 and almost remained to the same level during initial stage. Recently, the fluctuations have been getting thinner and thinner in absence of any important transaction or any stimulating news regarding foreign currencies.

Later the days sterling and franc were quoted at 4.93 7/8 and 74.98 respectively.

Rates at 5-30 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	34 13 6
Vaishak	34 13 6
Jyestha	34 13 9
Tejimandi	0 2 0
Tejimandi	0 4 6

LONDON SILVER
London, April 28

Spot	20 1/4
Forward	20 1/4

GOLD BAR
London, April 28

Gold Bars fine per oz	£7-0-10

LONDON METALS
London, April 28

Copper Braziers	£50 3/4
Spelter Hard Indian Brand	£14
Tin, English Ingots, Liverpool, F O B	£206 3/4
Yellow Metal	£40 1/2
Corrugated Sheet 24 gauge	£12 3/4

LINSEED STEADY

The Linseed rates on the London seeds market ruled quiet with a small decline in the Indian description. In Buenos Aires prices showed no departure from the previous level.

The local market for May and September opened at Rs. 7/4/1½ and 7/8/1½ respectively. Due to indifferent foreign markets advices prices here rule irregular without any noticeable change.

During the later period, a steady tone was witnessed. The closing took place without any marked change.

As the session progressed nothing of importance was noticed. The market kept up throughout a steady tone.

Rates at 5-30 p.m. were as under:—

May	Rs. 7-4-3
September	Rs. 7-8-3

Teji mandi for Sept. Rs. 0 6 3

LONDON MARKET QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, April 29.

London market:—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£37-3-9
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£37-5-0
Standard Copper 3 months	£37-10-0
Electorlytic copper New York.—	£14-15-0
Blue Eagle	9 1/2 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	9 cents

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, April 29

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D April December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	271 1/4
Banks selling T T	269 1/4
Banks buying T T	266 7/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	563
Banks buying T T	573
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 5/8
Banks buying T T	77 3/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	54 7/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	54 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 3/8
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 28th instant	4.98 7/8
Japan/London 29th instant	1/2 1/16
Java/London 29th instant	7.25
Hongkong/London 29th instant	1/8 15/16
Shanghai/London 29th instant	1/2 1/2
London/Paris 28th instant	74.98
London/Belgium 28th instant	29.21 1/2
London/Switzerland 28th instant	15.16
London/Berlin 28th instant	12.28 1/2
London/Stockholm 28th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 28th instant	4.93 13/16
London Amsterdam 28th instant	7.27 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.	
Gold 27th instant	£7-0-10 1/2
28th instant	£7-0-10 1/2
Silver London Ready 27th instant	20 3/8
28th instant	20 1/4
Silver London Forward 27th instant	20 3/8
28th instant	20 1/4
Silver New York Ready 27th instant	45
28th instant	45
London Discounts 3 mos 27th instant	9/16 p.c.
28th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos 27th instant	5/8 p.c.
28th instant	5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.	

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 28

Broach A/M opening 199; highest 199 1/4; lowest 197 1/2; closing 198

Broach J/A opening 199 1/4; highest 200 1/4; lowest 198 1/2; closing 198 3/4

Broach A/M 1937 opening 194 3/4; highest 195 1/2; lowest 194 1/4; closing 194 1/2

Oomra May opening 184 3/4; highest 185 3/4; lowest 184 3/4; closing 184 3/4

Oomra July opening 185 1/2; highest 185 1/2; lowest 184; closing 184

Bengal May opening 155 1/2; highest 155 1/2; lowest 154 3/4; closing 155 1/4

Bengal July opening 153; highest 153; lowest 152 1/2; closing 152 3/4

Bengal D/J opening 141 1/4; highest 141 1/4; lowest 141; closing 141

Tejimandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 9 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-5-36) Rs. 5 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-5-37) Rs. 25 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, April 28

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	£85 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£97 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 ex-dividend	£106
Funding Loan 1960/69 4 per cent	£117 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 1/2
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£14 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	£106
National Bank of India	£44
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

EXCHANGES
London, April 28

T T London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.93 13/16
Paris	74.98
Berlin	12.28 1/2
Madrid	36.18
Amsterdam	7.27 3/4
Brussels	29.21 1/2
Milan	62.68
Berne	15.16
Prague	119.50

SEEDS
London, April 28

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton April sellers	£10-17-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£12 12-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£13-0-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£12-11-3
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£12-11-3

LINSEED OIL
London, April 28

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt May sellers	26/1 1/2
May August sellers	26/3

Bombay Market.—

Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 33-2-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 39-2-0
Tone:—Steady.	

Stock Exchange Put Up A Fairly Steady Performance

YESTERDAY'S NERVOUSNESS GRADUALLY DISAPPEARS

A Friendly Support In Bulls

BOMBAY, April 29.

Opening at about yesterday's level Tata Steel shares improved on support of prominent parties and jobbers. Towards the close there was again a set back due to selling but the closing was a little better than yesterday's level. In view of yesterday's nervous tone to-day's trend of the market was obviously steadier. It is also learnt that dividend of Steel shares is not still decided and that in view of the huge profits of the Company expectations of the shareholders for the dividend Rs. 6 for Ordinary and Rs. 7-1/2 for Deferred are likely to be realized as the Company will not welcome any serious opposition in the matter of dividend from the shareholders at the general meeting. Outlook of Steel is quite bright all over the world and there is no reason why India should not share the Power, Andhra Valley, Belapur actically neglected and Tata There was little change in Cement section excepting that Katni and Burmah suffered a fall. deferreds and Uniteds were in keen demand. Shivrajpur continued its upward trend and found 31-1 with still a promise of further rise. Govt. Paper fluctuated within a narrow range.

TEXTILE MILLS.
Bombay, April 29.

100 Ahm. Advance	275 0
500 Bombay Cotton	40 0
250 Bombay Dyeing	673 12
250 Bradbury	100 0
100 Century	159 6
100 Central India	214 6
100 Colaba	114 6
100 Coorla	90 0
250 David	60 0
250 Dawn	290 0
1 E D. Sassoon	0-2-6
100 Finlay	110 0
100 Gokak	152 8
1000 Hindustani	1575 0
100 Indore	57 8
100 Khatau	57 8
100 Kohinoor	179 6
250 Laxmi	573 12
100 Madhavji	4 12
250 Madras United	35 0
1000 Morarji	700 0
250 Modern	45 0
50 Mysore	85 10
200 New Great	99 6
100 Oosmanshahi	55 0
100 Phoenix	250 0
25 Sassoon Silk	39 8
1000 Sholapur	1,985 0
50 Simplex	62 8
100 Swadeshi	156 4
100 Swan	78 12
25 Tata	8 0
500 Vishnu	1145 0
1000 Western	652 8
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda	105 4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE
Bombay, April 29

Century 158 157 159
Bombay Dyeing 673 72 73
Kohinoor 180 178 179/6
Central India 212 13 14/6
New Great 98 99/6
Simplex 62
Swadeshi 156 155 156/4
Bundi 37/2 4 2
I Cement 443 42 41 42
Punjab 27 26/15 27 26/14 15
Shahabad 481 80
Andhra 1543 40 36 32
Tata Hydro 159/6 1
Tata Power 1477 75 76 75
Tram Ord 153/7
T Steel Defd 506 11 7 8 6 7
T Steel Ord 146/12 147 146/12
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 169/12 8
Bellapur 160
B Steam 275 77
B Burma 387 88 2

25-50 Central	32 2
500 Imperial	1531 4
125-500 Im. Conty.	378 12
50-100 India	128 12
100 Reserve Bank	129 0
5 Union	5 8
CEMENTS.	
10 Bundi	37 2
70 Gwalior	121 14
160 Indian	442 8
40 Katni Def.	2280 0
100 Katni Ord.	363 12
75 Okha	268 12
10 Punjab	26 15
100 Shahabad	480 0
70 United	129 0
INSURANCE.	
15-100 Jupiter	11 12
15-75 New India	41 0
200 Oriental	4,990 0
10-100 Vulcan	7 0
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Old	160 0
1000 Andhra Valley	1532 3
10 Ajmer	13 6
50 Bombay Tram	153 7
100 Bombay Suburban	175 0
10 Broach	11 3
100 Karachi	220 0
100 Poona	225 0
100 Surat	190 0
100 Tata Hydro	159 1
1000 Tata Power	1475 0
RAILWAYS.	
500 Ahm. Prantij	886 4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 29

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 98/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Settlement 98/2/6
3 per cent 1941 104/6
3 per cent 1951/54 103/13
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 106/14
4 per cent 1943 110/12
4 per cent 1960/70 113/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118/8
5 per cent 1939/44 108/11
5 per cent 1940/43 111/7
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/5
TAX-FREE
3 per cent 1945/55 Loan 120/5
4 per cent 1958/63 Mysore 110/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 122-8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 108/10
CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE).
4 per cent B P T 1947 108/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107
5 per cent M Deb 1959 117
6 per cent M Deb 1964 130
6 per cent K P T 1956 130
3 1/2 per cent B P T 1937 104/8
Note:—3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes opened at 98/2 improved to 98/3 to close quiet at 98/2.
Tendency—lower.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 28

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	85 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	97 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59	107 1/4
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53	110 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68	120 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47	116 1/2
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38	101 1/4
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	106

100 C.Province	95 4
100 Dhond Baramati	100 0
100 Gujarat	78 12
100 Mandra Bhon	99 8
100 Pachora Jamner	96 0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	97 0
500 Tapty Valley	765 0
MININGS.	
10 Shivrajpur	31 2
30 Tata Steel Def.	507 8
75 Tata Steel Ord.	148 12
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 Alcock	191 14
50 Belapur Sugar	160 0
250 Bombay Steam	277 8
125 Bombay Burma	398 2
50 Bombay Burma Con.	139 6
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	5 12
50 Bombay Telephone	106 0
100 Indian Bleaching	107 8
100 Indian Radio	501 4
100 Ind Radio Ord.	483 12
1000 Port Canning	567 8
15 Scindia	16 7
30 Premier Construction	76 8
25 Tata Oil	14 8
PREFERENCE	
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1437 8
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	298 12
7 p.c. Bombay Trams	86 12
5 p.c. Central India	523 12
7 p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7 1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 6
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	150 0
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1515 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	191 4
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	169 8
5 1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	9 8
7 p.c. Vishnu	620 0
Govt. Paper	98-2-6

PRODUCE
London, April 28

Wheat Rozario Santa fe parcels	nominal
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels	nominal
Wheat South Australian parcels April sellers	31/3

NEW YORK COFFEE
New York, April 28

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	6 1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES
London, April 28

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days market loan 1/8 per cent

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1936

Crowded Programme For Jawahar In Bombay

CORPORATION MOVE TO PRESENT ADDRESS

Informal Conference And Public Meetings Galore?

Some of the nationally minded members of the Bombay Municipal Corporation have proposed to move the Corporation to present an address to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Indian National Congress when he arrives in Bombay on May 15 by the Calcutta Mail.

Some of the Corporators are engaged in canvassing votes when such a resolution comes up before the House at a very early date and in all probability the House might vote for an address.

B. P. C. C. OFFICES BUSY

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee offices at the Congress House are being literally flooded with letters to the Secretary requesting him to see that Pt. Jawaharlal spares a few minutes for either receiving an address or speaking to the students, etc.

The Merchants in the City, it is gathered, are organising a Reception for the Congress President on behalf of the Mercantile Community.

FROM MATUNGA

The South Indian community have approached the Secretary of the B. P. C. C. with a proposal of presenting Pt. Jawaharlal an address at Matunga, if a few minutes could be spared for them.

There are also proposals of inviting Pt. Jawaharlal to a Tea Party and another to give a Garden Party in his honour.

Besides, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee officials are contemplating to hold at least a dozen public meetings in the City when the Congress President is here.

INFORMAL CONFERENCES

There will be several informal conferences at which Panditji will be asked to give his advice. The first will be the conference of Congress workers in the city. The Socialists will call an informal conference of their own. The ladies are contemplating holding a special meeting for the ladies.

WITH A. I. T. U. C.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru will be occupied for the major portion of the second day of his stay with the All-India Trade Union Congress and it is understood that he will not lose this opportunity of informally discussing with the labour leaders from all over the country the desirability of having a Joint United Front and in all probability he will be greatly responsible for bringing about unity between the A. I. T. U. C. and the National Federation of Trade Unions.

PRESIDENTIAL PROCESSION?

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee are also thinking of organising a procession of the President on the day he arrives but it is feared that Pt. Jawaharlal might not agree to such a proposal.

NATIONAL GUARDS.

The officials of the Bombay National Guards have also approached the Secretary of the B. P. C. C. with a view to snatch a few minutes from the Congress President for themselves, when he would be requested to inspect the Guards and give them some words of advice.

S. O. S. TO MUSLIM LEADERS

Jinnah Arrives At Lahore

LAHORE, April 29.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, who arrived this morning by the Frontier Mail, was enthusiastically received at the station. He is the guest of Nawab Ahmed Yarkhan Daulatana. Mr. Jinnah meets the Muslim leaders of all schools of thought for the purpose of Muslim solidarity.

In this connection, Maulana Abdul Kadar Kasuri, ex-President of the Punjab Congress and Malikh Lal Khan have already arrived and are holding conference with Doctor Alam about the line of approach to the Muslim unity. Moulana Zafarali Khan has been telegraphically requested to return to Lahore without further delay for discussion with Mr. Jinnah.—United Press.

POONA CALM AGAIN

POONA, April 28.

Complete calm prevails everywhere in Poona city.

A Peace Committee consisting of influential Hindu and Muslim leaders has been formed and it has appointed sub-committees for several localities. A Relief Fund also has been started with an initial subscription of Rs. 500/- collected on the spot.

The reported attempt by some hooligans to set fire to one mosque in the early hours of yesterday morning was nipped in bud.—United Press.

MIRAJKAR HAS EYE TROUBLE

Complains Shegaon Climate Does Not Suit Him

POONA April 28

Mr. S. S. Mirajkar of the Meerut Conspiraly Case and labour leader who has been interned for the last few months at Shegaon, Ahmednagar District, is suffering from some eye trouble. He applied to the District Magistrate, Ahmednagar some weeks back, for transfer to some suitable place for treatment, but has not received any reply so far.

It will be remembered that Mr. Mirajkar was operated upon at Ahmednagar, for some weeks ago, and once in Meerut jail too. Mr. Mirajkar's complaint is that he is being starved intellectually and the climate does not suit him.

Revolver Recovered

MYMENSINGH, April 27.

As a result of a search of the person of a Bombay man who is an employee of the Ringling Circus Co., the police recovered a six-chambered revolver.

It is stated that the revolver belonged to another Bombay man who was formerly the owner of the circus party.—United Press.

GOVERNOR VISITS KABUL

SIMLA, April 29.

Sir Ralph Griffiths, Governor of the N.W.F.P. who was on a brief visit to Kabul is expected back in Peshawar to-day. This is the first time that a Chief Commissioner or a Governor of the Frontier Province has ever visited Kabul.

The visit was purely friendly and aimed at making a mutual acquaintance in view of the large number of problems of common interest which have to be dealt with regarding a common frontier. The governor went up and returned by road.—A. P.

TEMPLE-ENTRY PROPAGANDA PERMITTED

TRIVANDRUM, April 29.

The Police Commissioner of Travancore State is understood to have issued orders to the police to allow Bhajana parties of the Kerala Harijan Sevak Sangh to tour in the country and to carry on their work.

It will be remembered that Jathas proposed by the Sevak Sangh to march through the country and carry on temple entry propaganda were prohibited recently.—A. P.

A member asked in the House of Commons on Tuesday afternoon what steps the Foreign Secretary was taking to protect the righs of Egypt with regard to the headwaters of the Blue Nile, recently occupied by the Italian troops.

Lord Cranborne replied that the rights of Egypt as of the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan and His Majesty's Government are fully protected by the existing agreements with both, Abyssinia and Italy.

BACK CONGRESS IN ELECTIONS

Jawaharlal Appeals For Support To Wardha Municipality

WARDHAGANJ, April 29.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was presented with addresses last night on behalf of the Municipality and the Socialist Party, all members of the Working Committee being present.

Replying to both the addresses Pandit Nehru appealed for support in the coming election to the Congress which stood for complete independence and would not allow minor issues like the Communal Award to be magnified as to thrust freedom to the rear.

"The fact that the Working Committee prolonged its sitting to-day although it was expected to finish business yesterday, the flat perusal to make any statement to the press and Mahatma Gandhi's presence at the meeting yesterday afternoon, indicate the trend of dissensions in the Working Committee," said a local Congressman to the Associated Press.

Gandhiji in an interview regarding the statement supposed to have been made by Mr. Pattabhai Sitaramayya at Masulipatam that Gandhiji had revealed upon aspirants to the Congress presidentship to withdraw their candidature in favour of Pandit Nehru declined to say anything.—A. P.

DETENU SENT TO JAIL

RANGPUR, (By Mail).

Joytish Chandra Das Gupta, a detenu, interned at Unipur, within the jurisdiction of Kurigram Sub-Division, was sentenced yesterday by the S. D. O. acting as Special Magistrate, under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act to 4 years' rigorous imprisonment on the allegations that the accused carried on correspondence with a local young man, student of a local college, in contravention of the restrictions imposed upon him under the said Act.

On a search of the residence of the college student several letters purporting to have been written by the accused to him were seized by the Police. At the trial a handwriting expert was brought in to prove the handwriting of the accused. The accused did not put up any defence.—United Press.

INDO-CHINESE FRONTIER

SIMLA, April 29.

The Boundary Commission on the Indo-Chinese Frontier has dispersed after finishing half of its task. The Chairman of the Commission accompanied by one of the Chinese Commissioners is returning via Siam. The task of the Commission was to determine the Treaty Line.

It has gone through half of the Treaty Line, and then owing to the advancing season, the chairman decided to disperse and to reassemble in about November next. —A. P.

BEGUM SHAUKAT ALI IN DEBT TO DELHI HOTEL

Maulana Denies Responsibility & Sends Bill To England

NEW DELHI, April 25.

"As a Muslim lady she has her own responsibilities and I cannot be held responsible for her debts"—says Maulana Shaukat Ali in reply to a civil claim by the Hotel of India to the extent of Rs. 213 against Begum Shaukat Ali who stayed there.

The Hotel of India, New Delhi says the Delhi correspondent of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" has filed a plaint against the Maulana in the Court of Small Causes Delhi, to the effect that the wife of the defendant, as his agent, for her necessities of life stayed after the budget session of the Legislative Assembly of 1935 in plaintiffs' hotel and incurred a liability of Rs. 192 for which a bill, duly countersigned by the plaintiffs' counsel, was sent to the defendant along with a registered notice which was acknowledged by the defendant in his letter dated 10th August 1935.

Maulana Shaukat Ali has sent the following letter to the plaintiffs' counsel:

"In reply to your letter of the 18th July 1935 I want to tell you that I had informed the manager of the Hotel of India, New Delhi, that Begum Shaukat Ali had left for England on the 22nd June and that I had sent his bill to her to England. I have heard nothing in reply as I had advised her to deal direct with all those to whom she owed money. You have no claims on me. I did not even know she stayed in the Hotel of India at Delhi. Your client should have received the money from her. She had her own money in the bank and had her allowance. As a Muslim lady she has her own responsibilities and I cannot be asked to pay her debts. However, as I said before, I will write to her again and send your letter and request her to deal with this matter direct."

INDIA AND OTTAWA PACT

Mr. F. E. James Criticises Assembly Vote

MADRAS, April 29.

The vote on the Ottawa Pact was generally influenced by political considerations. This suggestion was fortified by the fact that although the vote had been hailed in many quarters as a fiscal victory, nobody had as yet had the hardihood to claim that the vote strengthened India's position from an economic point of view said Mr. F. E. James M.L.A., addressing a meeting of the European Association last night.

Continuing he said it was now the duty of everybody to see that India's interests were properly represented in any future agreement. Whatever be the agreement between the countries, the existing preference would continue pending a new agreement.

There was a danger which he would like to impress upon the Indian and European commercial interests in this country, namely if this was not done within a short space of time, India would stand to lose more than the United Kingdom.—A.P.

Wardha Scheme To Rally Labour

Congress Cabinet Appoints Committee To Keep In Touch With Movement

ANOTHER COMMITTEE TO ORGANISE ELECTIONS TO LEGISLATURES

WARDHA, April 29.

The Working Committee concluded its session at 12 noon today. The following official statement has been issued:—

IF DELEGATE RESIGNS.

"Under article 18 of the amended Constitution, following consequential rule was made regarding the vacancies created by resignations: if any delegate elected to the Session of the Congress resigns after the session is over, the vacancy so created shall be filled in by the Constituency concerned and such newly elected delegate shall exercise all functions devolving on a delegate according to the Constitution until the next session, including membership in Provinces of Provincial Congress Committees. The following section was added to the Transitory provisions under Article 18 (d):

"It is hereby resolved that the next Congress session having been advanced to December 1936 and the time allowed for enrolment of Members being thereby considerably reduced notwithstanding anything contained in Article 5 (A) and general time table issued by the Working Committee any member enrolled this year on or before August 31 shall be entitled to exercise his vote at all Congress elections.

LABOUR COMMITTEE.

"It is hereby resolved that a Labour Committee consisting of Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Mr. Shankerlal Banker, Mr. M. R. Masani, Mr. V. V. Giri, Mr. J. B. Kripalani be appointed to keep in touch with labour movement and endeavour to develop co-operation with it and advise the Working Committee thereon.

PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE.

"It is hereby resolved that Parliamentary Committee consisting of Rajendra Babu, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Rajagopalan Acharya Navendra Dev. Moulana Abdul Kalam Azad, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, as convener as well as the Presidents of all Provincial Congress Committees (excluding Burma) and Dr. Khan Saheb from the Frontier be constituted to take such steps as may be necessary in connection with the organization of election to Legislatures. This Committee shall report to the Working Committee from time to time and shall be guided by the Working Committee's directions.—United Press.

LIGHT ON CONGRESS CABINET DISCUSSIONS

Kripalani Contradicts Wardha Rumours

WARDHAGANJ, April 29.

Questioned this morning about the reported deadlock in the Working Committee yesterday necessitating Gandhiji's presence, Acharya Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, said:—

"Will my denial affect the Press rumours? If it will, you may take it that we were having talks about the future programme and his (Gandhiji's) presence was felt to be necessary."—United Press.

GALE CAUSES TRAIN ACCIDENT

Goods Wagons Collide At Sheikhupura

SHEIKHUPURA, April 27.

Sixteen goods wagons standing on the siding were blown along the Railway lines to a considerable distance by the terrific gale that passed over Sheikhupura last midnight. One empty bogie similarly rolled down the line driven by the hurricane over another platform and both came into collision at the point of junction of the two lines with such a great momentum that some goods wagons were derailed and damaged and the empty carriage was telescoped.

The axles, carriage doors and parts of some of the carriages were broken. Mechanical assistance was immediately obtained by wire from Lyalpur.—United Press.

ANY TOWN OF MAHARASHTRA

Venue Of Next Session Of Congress

POONA April 28

Mr. G. A. Deshpande, Secretary Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee writes to remove the impression created almost everywhere that the next session of the Indian National Congress is to be held at Poona. He explains that the invitation was given on behalf of Maharashtra and accepted as such; but the session may be held in any town of Maharashtra or even in any village for that matter. Poona is not, however, excluded as the possible venue.

Mr. S. D. Deo President M.P.C.C., and member Working Committee has issued an appeal to Congressmen and non-Congressmen in Maharashtra to help the M.P.C.C. in making the coming session of the Congress a success.

He wants the Thana resolution of the M.P.C.C. of enlisting at least one lakh members to be immediately brought into effect. He also desires that during the year every District should consume at least Rs. 2000 worth of khaddar. He appeals all to return Congress candidates at the forthcoming elections to the Bombay Legislature under the new constitution.

Press Report Contradicted

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, April 29

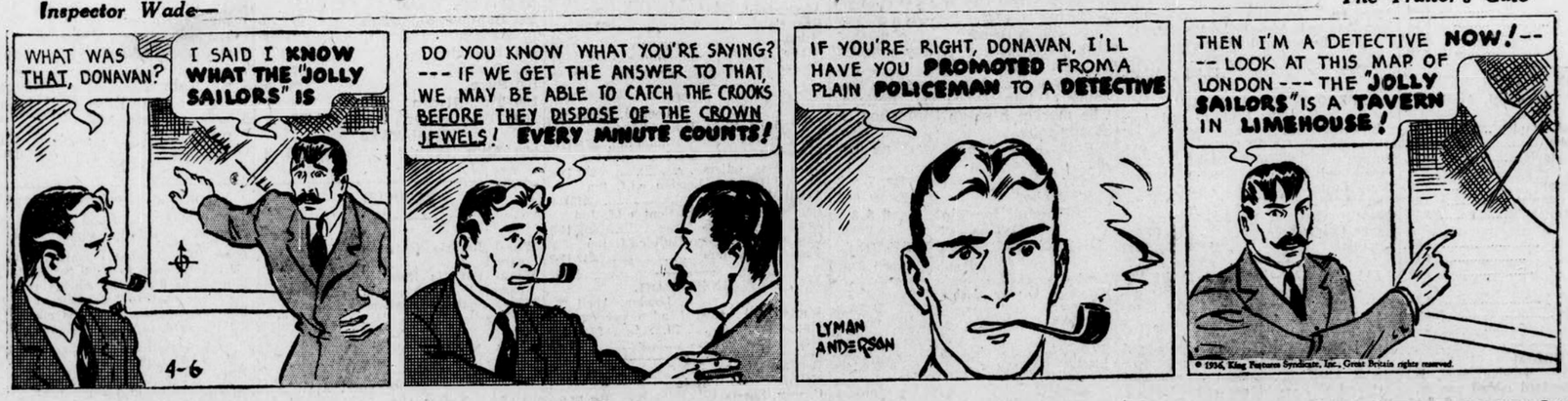
Mr. G. A. Deshpande, Secretary Maharastra Provincial Congress Committee has issued the following to the press:

The news appearing in certain papers that Mr. Deshpande has issued a circular stating that attempts are afoot to hold the next session in a village in Maharashtra is without foundation and no such statement has been issued.

The question of venue of the session can only be decided when the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee meets.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Traitor's Gate*


WHAT WAS THAT, DONAVAN?
I SAID I KNOW WHAT THE "JOLLY SAILORS" IS
4-6
DO YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE SAYING? --- IF WE GET THE ANSWER TO THAT, WE MAY BE ABLE TO CATCH THE CROOKS BEFORE THEY DISPOSE OF THE CROWN JEWELS! EVERY MINUTE COUNTS!
IF YOU'RE RIGHT, DONAVAN, I'LL HAVE YOU PROMOTED FROM A PLAIN POLICEMAN TO A DETECTIVE
LYMAN ANDERSON
THEN I'M A DETECTIVE NOW!-- -- LOOK AT THIS MAP OF LONDON --- THE "JOLLY SAILORS" IS A TAVERN IN LIMEHOUSE!
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